SECTIONAL AERONAUTICAL CHART SCALE 1:500,000

TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

AIRPORT TRAFFIC SERVICE AND AIRSPACE INFORMATION

Bridges And Viaducts

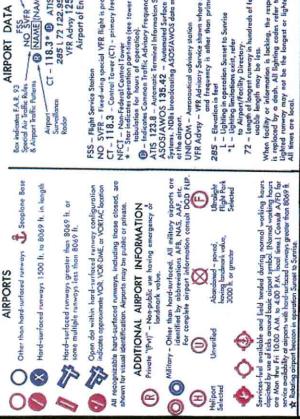
Road Markets

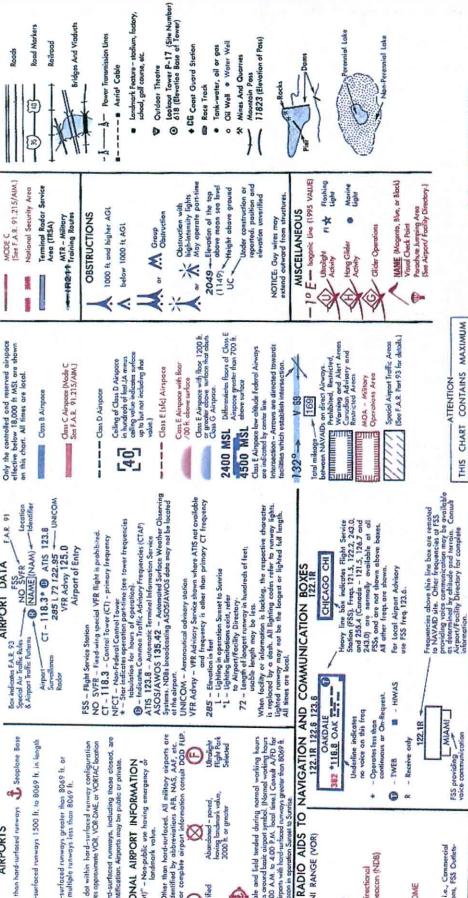
Roods

Railroad

LEGEND

Airports having <u>Cantrol Towers</u> are shown in <u>Blub</u>, all others in <u>Magenta.</u> Consult Airportsfrasity Diractory (AJFD) for detaits involving airport lighting, navigation aids, and services. For additional symbol Information refer to the Chart User's Guide.





ELEVATION FIGURES (MEF). The Maximum Elevation Figures shown in quadrangles bounded by ticked lines of latitude and longlude are represented in THOUSANDS and HUNDREDS THIS CHART CONTAINS MAXIMUM of feet above mean sea level. The MEF is based on information available concerning the highest known feature in each quadrangle, including terrain and abstructions (trees, towers, antennas, etc.)

Example: 12,500 feet

Approximate elevation x 3200 Doubtful locations are indicated by omission of

the point locator (dot or "x")

HIGHEST TERRAIN elevation is 3818 feet located at 34°52'N - 101°59'W

CONTOUR INTERVAL 500 feet

F5S providing vaice communi

Other facilities, i.e., Commercial Broadcast Stations, FSS Outlets-RCO, etc.

0

R - Receive only

NOG-DAG

- IWEB

0

Non-Directional Rodiobeacon (NDB)

VOR-DME VORTAC

0 0 0

VHF OWN! RANGE (VOR)

orennial Loke

Non-Perennial Lake

All IR and VR MTRs are shown, and may extend from the surface upwards. Only the route centerline, direction of flight along the route and the route designator are depicted – route widths and altitudes are not shown.

- MILITARY TRAINING ROUTES (MTRs)

Since these routes are subject to change every 56 days, and the charts are reissued every 6 months, you are continued and advised to contact the nearest FSS for route dimensions and current status for those routes diffecting your flight. Rautes with a change in the alignment of the charted route centerline will be indicated in the Aeranautical Chart Bulletin of the Airport/Facility Directory. Military Pilots rafer to Area Planning AP/1B Military, Training Route North and South America for current routes.

LEGEND 1.—SECTIONAL AERONAUTICAL CHART.

The horizontal reference datum of this publication is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84).

LEGEND

This Directory is an alphabetical listing of data on record with the FAA on all airports that are open to the public, associated terminal control facilities, air route traffic control centers and radio aids to navigation within the conterminous United States. Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Airports are listed alphabetically by associated city name and cross referenced by airport name. Facilities associated with an airport, but with a different name, are listed individually under their own name, as well as under the airport with which they are associated.

The listing of an airport in this directory merely indicates the airport operator's willingness to accommodate transient aircraft, and does not represent that the facility conforms with any Federal or local standards, or that it has been approved for use on the part of the general public.

The information on obstructions is taken from reports submitted to the FAA. It has not been verified in all cases. Pilots are cautioned that objects not indicated in this tabulation (or on charts) may exist which can create a hazard to flight operation. Detailed specifics concerning services and facilities tabulated within this directory are contained in Aeronautical Information Manual, Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures.

The legend items that follow explain in detail the contents of this Directory and are keyed to the circled numbers on the sample on the preceding page.

1 CITY/AIRPORT NAME

Airports and facilities in this directory are listed alphabetically by associated city and state. Where the city name is different from the airport name the city name will appear on the line above the airport name. Airports with the same associated city name will be listed alphabetically by airport name and will be separated by a dashed rule line. All others will be separated by a solid rule line. (Designated Helipads and Seaplane Landing Areas (Water) associated with a land airport will be separated by a dotted line.)

2 NOTAM SERVICE

All public use landing areas are provided NOTAM "D" (distant dissemination) and NOTAM "L" (local dissemination) service. Airport NOTAM file identifier is shown following the associated FSS data for individual airports, e.g. "NOTAM FILE IAD". See AIM, Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures for detailed description of NOTAM's.

3 LOCATION IDENTIFIER

A three or four character code assigned to airports. These identifiers are used by ATC in lieu of the airport name in flight plans, flight strips and other written records and computer operations.

(4) AIRPORT LOCATION

Airport location is expressed as distance and direction from the center of the associated city in nautical miles and cardinal points, i.e., 4 NE.

5 TIME CONVERSION

Hours of operation of all facilities are expressed in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) and shown as "Z" time. The directory indicates the number of hours to be subtracted from UTC to obtain local standard time and local daylight saving time UTC-5(-4DT). The symbol ‡ indicates that during periods of Daylight Saving Time effective hours will be one hour earlier than shown. In those areas where daylight saving time is not observed that (-4DT) and ‡ will not be shown. All states observe daylight savings time except Arizona, Hawaii and that portion of Indiana in the Eastern Time Zone and Puerto Rico and the | Virgin Islands.

6 GEOGRAPHIC POSITION OF AIRPORT

Positions are shown in degrees, minutes and hundredths of a minute and represent the approximate center of mass of all usable runways.

(7) CHARTS

The Sectional Chart and Low and High Altitude Enroute Chart and panel on which the airport or facility is located. Helicopter Chart locations will be indicated as, i.e., COPTER.

(8) INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

IAP indicates an airport for which a prescribed (Public Use) FAA Instrument Approach Procedure has been published.

9 FI EVATION

The highest point of an airport's usable runways measured in feet from mean sea level. When elevation is sea level it will be indicated as (00). When elevation is below sea level a minus (-) sign will precede the figure.

10 ROTATING LIGHT BEACON

B indicates rotating beacon is available. Rotating beacons operate dusk to dawn unless otherwise indicated in AIRPORT REMARKS.

(11) SERVICING

S1: Minor airframe repairs.

- S3: Major airframe and minor powerplant repairs.
- S2: Minor airframe and minor powerplant repairs.
- S4: Major airframe and major powerplant repairs.

4

DIRECTORY LEGEND

12 FUEL

CODE	FUEL	CODE	FUEL
80	Grade 80 gasoline (Red)	В	Jet B-Wide-cut turbine fuel,
100	Grade 100 gasoline (Green)		freeze point-50° C.
100LL	100LL gasoline (low lead) (Blue)	B+	Jet B-Wide-cut turbine fuel with icing inhibitor.
115	Grade 115 gasoline		freeze point-50° C.
Α	Jet AKerosene freeze point-40° C.	MOGAS	Automobile gasoline which is to be used
A1	Jet A-1—Kerosene freeze point-50°C.		as aircraft fuel.
A1+	Jet A-1—Kerosene with icing inhibitor.		

freeze point-50° C.

NOTE: Automobile Gasoline. Certain automobile gasoline may be used in specific aircraft engines if a FAA supplemental type cetificate has been obtained. Automobile gasoline which is to be used in aircraft engines will be identified as "MOGAS", however, the grade/type and other octane rating will not be published.

Data shown on fuel availability represents the most recent information the publisher has been able to acquire. Because of a variety of factors, the fuel listed may not always be obtainable by transient civil pilots. Confirmation of availability of fuel should be made directly with fuel dispensers at locations where refueling is planned.

13 OXYGEN

 OX 1
 High Pressure
 OX 3
 High Pressure—Replacement Bottles

 OX 2
 Low Pressure
 OX 4
 Low Pressure—Replacement Bottles

14 TRAFFIC PATTERN ALTITUDE

Traffic Pattern Altitude (TPA)—The first figure shown is TPA above mean sea level. The second figure in parentheses is TPA above airport elevation.

(5) AIRPORT OF ENTRY, LANDING RIGHTS, AND CUSTOMS USER FEE AIRPORTS

U.S. CUSTOMS USER FEE AIRPORT—Private Aircraft operators are frequently required to pay the costs associated with customs processing.

AOE—Airport of Entry—A customs Airport of Entry where permission from U.S. Customs is not required, however, at least one hour advance notice of arrival must be furnished.

LRA—Landing Rights Airport—Application for permission to land must be submitted in advance to U.S. Customs. At least one hour advance notice of arrival must be furnished.

NOTE: Advance notice of arrival at both an AOE and LRA airport may be included in the flight plan when filed in Canada or Mexico, where Flight Notification Service (ADCUS) is available the airport remark will indicate this service. This notice will also be treated as an application for permission to land in the case of an LRA. Although advance notice of arrival may be relayed to Customs through Mexico, Canadian, and U.S. Communications facilities by flight plan, the aircraft operator is solely responsible for insuring that Customs receives the notification. (See Customs, Immigration and Naturalization, Public Health and Agriculture Department requirements in the International Flight Information Manual for further details.)

(16) CERTIFICATED AIRPORT (FAR 139)

Airports serving Department of Transportation certified carriers and certified under FAR, Part 139, are indicated by the ARFF index; i.e., ARFF Index A, which relates to the availability of crash, fire, rescue equipment.

FAR-PART 139 CERTIFICATED AIRPORTS

INDICES AND AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

Airport Index	Required No. Vehicles	Aircraft Length	Scheduled Departures	Agent + Water for Foam
Α	1	<90′	≥1	500#DC or HALON 1211 or 450#DC + 100 gal H ₂ O
В	1 or 2	≥90', <126' ≥126', <159'	≥5 < <5	Index A + 1500 gal H ₂ O
С	2 or 3	≥126', <159' ≥159', <200'	≥5 < <5	Index A + 3000 gal H ₂ O
D	3	≥159', <200' >200'	≥5 <5	Index A + 4000 gal H ₂ O
Е	3	≥200′	≥5	Index A + 6000 gal H ₂ O

> Greater Than; < Less Than; \ge Equal or Greater Than; \le Equal or Less Than; H_2O -Water; DC-Dry Chemical.

NOTE: The listing of ARFF index does not necessarily assure coverage for non-air carrier operations or at other than prescribed times for air carrier. ARFF Index Ltd.—indicates ARFF coverage may or may not be available, for information contact airport manager prior to flight.

17 FAA INSPECTION

All airports not inspected by FAA will be identified by the note: Not insp. This indicates that the airport information has been provided by the owner or operator of the field.

18 RUNWAY DATA

Runway information is shown on two lines. That information common to the entire runway is shown on the first line while information concerning the runway ends are shown on the second or following line. Lengthy information will be placed in the Airport Remarks.

Runway direction, surface, length, width, weight bearing capacity, lighting, slope and appropriate remarks are shown for each runway. Direction, length, width, lighting and remarks are shown for sealanes. The full dimensions of helipads are shown, i.e., 50X150.

RUNWAY SURFACE AND LENGTH

Runway lengths prefixed by the letter "H" indicate that the runways are hard surfaced (concrete, asphalt). If the runway length is not prefixed, the surface is sod, clay, etc. The runway surface composition is indicated in parentheses after runway length as follows:

 (AFSC)—Aggregate friction seal coat
 (GRVD)—Grooved
 (RFSC)—Rubberized friction seal coat

 (ASPH)—Asphalt
 (GRVL)—Gravel, or cinders
 (TURF)—Turf

 (CONC)—Concrete
 (PFC)—Porous friction courses
 (TRTD)—Treated

 (DIRT)—Dirt
 (PSP)—Pierced steel plank
 (WC)—Wire combed

RUNWAY WEIGHT BEARING CAPACITY

Runway strength data shown in this publication is derived from available information and is a realistic estimate of capability at an average level of activity. It is not intended as a maximum allowable weight or as an operating limitation. Many airport pavements are capable of supporting limited operations with gross weights of 25-50% in excess of the published figures. Permissible operating weights, insofar as runway strengths are concerned, are a matter of agreement between the owner and user. When desiring to operate into any airport at weights in excess of those published in the publication, users should contact the airport management for permission. Add 000 to figure following S, D, DT, DDT, AUW, etc., for gross weight capacity:

S-Single-wheel type landing gear. (DC-3), (C-47), (F-15), etc.

D-Dual-wheel type landing gear. (DC-6), etc.

T-Twin-wheel type landing gear. (DC-6), (C-9A), etc.

ST—Single-tandem type landing gear. (C-130). SBTT—Single-belly twin tandem landing gear (KC-10).

DT—Dual-tandem type landing gear, (707), etc.

TT—Twin-tandem type (includes quadricycle) landing gear (707), (B-52), (C-135), etc.

TRT—Triple-tandem landing gear, (C-17)

DDT—Double dual-tandem landing gear. (E4A/747).

TDT—Twin delta-tandem landing gear. (C-5, Concorde).

AUW—All up weight. Maximum weight bearing capacity for any aircraft irrespective of landing gear configuration.

SWL—Single Wheel Loading, (This includes information submitted in terms of Equivalent Single Wheel Loading (ESWL) and Single Isolated Wheel Loading). SWL figures are shown in thousands of pounds with the last three figures being omitted.

PSI—Pounds per square inch. PSI is the actual figure expressing maximum pounds per square inch runway will support, e.g., (SWL 000/PSI 535).

Quadricycle and dual-tandem are considered virtually equal for runway weight bearing consideration, as are single-tandem and dual-wheel. Omission of weight bearing capacity indicates information unknown.

The ACN/PCN System is the ICAO method of reporting pavement strength for pavements with bearing strengths greater than 12,500 pounds. The Pavement Classification Number (PCN) is established by an engineering assessment of the runway. The PCN is for use in conjunction with an Aircraft Classification Number (ACN). Consult the Aircraft Flight Manual or other appropriate source for ACN tables or charts. Currently, ACN data may not be available for all aircraft. If an ACN table or chart is available, the ACN can be calculated by taking into account the aircraft weight, the pavement type, and the subgrade category. For runways that have been evaluated under the ACN/PCN system, the PCN will be shown as a five part code (e.g. PCN 80 R/B/W/T). Details of the coded format are as follows:

(1) The PCN NUMBER—The reported PCN indicates that an aircraft with an ACN equal or less than the reported PCN can operate on the pavement subject to any limitation on the tire pressure.

(2) The type of pavement:

R — Rigid F — Flexible

(3) The pavement subgrade category:

A — High B — Medium

C — Low

(4) The maximum tire pressure authorized for the pavement:

W - High, no limit

X — Medium, limited to 217 psiY — Low, limited to 145 psi

Z — Very low, limited to 73 psi(5) Pavement evaluation method:

T — Technical evaluation

U - By experience of aircraft using the pavement

NOTE: Prior permission from the airport controlling authority is required when the ACN of the aircraft exceeds the published PCN or aircraft tire pressure exceeds the published limits.

DIRECTORY LEGEND

RUNWAY LIGHTING

Lights are in operation sunset to sunrise. Lighting available by prior arrangement only or operating part of the night only and/or pilot controlled and with specific operating hours are indicated under airport remarks. Since obstructions are usually lighted, obstruction lighting is not included in this code. Unlighted obstructions on or surrounding an airport will be noted in airport remarks. Runway lights nonstandard (NSTD) are systems for which the light fixtures are not FAA approved L-800 series: color, intensity, or spacing does not meet FAA standards. Nonstandard runway lights, VASI, or any other system not listed below will be shown in airport remarks.

Temporary, emergency or limited runway edge lighting such as flares, smudge pots, lanterns or portable runway lights will also be shown in airrord remarks. Types of lighting are chown with the runway or runway and they some

be shown in airport remarks. Types of lighting are shown with the runway or runway end they serve NSTD-Light system fails to meet FAA standards. SALS-Short Approach Lighting System. LIRL-Low Intensity Runway Lights SALSF—Short Approach Lighting System with Sequenced MIRL-Medium Intensity Runway Lights Flashing Lights. HIRL—High Intensity Runway Lights SSALS—Simplified Short Approach Lighting System. RAIL—Runway Alignment Indicator Lights SSALF—Simplified Short Approach Lighting System with REIL—Runway End Identifier Lights Sequenced Flashing Lights. SSALR—Simplified Short Approach Lighting System with CL—Centerline Lights TDZL-Touchdown Zone Lights Runway Alignment Indicator Lights. ODALS—Omni Directional Approach Lighting System. AF OVRN—Air Force Overrun 1000' Standard ALSAF—High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights
ALSF1—High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Se-Approach Lighting System. LDIN-Lead-In Lighting System. quenced Flashing Lights, Category I, Configuration. MALS—Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System.

MALSF—Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System with ALSF2-High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights, Category II, Configuration. Sequenced Flashing Lights. VASI-Visual Approach Slope Indicator System. MALSR-Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System with Runway Alignment Indicator Lights.

NOTE: Civil ALSF-2 may be operated as SSALR during favorable weather conditions.

	VISUAL GLIDESLOPE	INDICATORS	
APAP—A sy	stem of panels, which may or may not be lighted, used	or alignm	ent of approach path.
PNIL	APAP on left side of runway	PNIR	APAP on right side of runway
PAPI-Preci	sion Approach Path Indicator		
P2L	2-identical light units placed on left side of runway	P4L	4-identical light units placed on left side of runway
P2R	2-identical light units placed on right side of runway	P4R	4-identical light units placed on right side of runway
PVASI-Pul:	sating/steady burning visual approach slope indicator, r	ormally a	single light unit projecting two colors.
PSIL-	PVASI on left side of runway	PSIR-	PVASI on right side of runway
SAVASI-Si	mplified Abbreviated Visual Approach Slope Indicator		
S2L	2-box SAVASI on left side of runway	S2R	2-box SAVASI on right side of runway
TRCV-Tri-c	olor visual approach slope indicator, normally a single li	ght unit p	rojecting three colors.
TRIL	TRCV on left side of runway	TRIR	TRCV on right side of runway
VASI-Visua	al Approach Slope Indicator		
V2L	2-box VASI on left side of runway	V6L	6-box VASI on left side of runway
V2R	2-box VASI on right side of runway	V6R	6-box VASI on right side of runway
V4L	4-box VASI on left side of runway	V12	12-box VASI on both sides of runway
V4R	4-box VASI on right side of runway	V16	16-box VASI on both sides of runway
NOTE: Appre	oach slope angle and threshold crossing height will be s		

PILOT CONTROL OF AIRPORT LIGHTING

Key Mike	Function
7 times within 5 seconds	Highest intensity available
5 times within 5 seconds	Medium or lower intensity (Lower REIL or REIL-Off)
3 times within 5 seconds	Lowest intensity available (Lower REIL or REIL-Off)

Available systems will be indicated in the Airport Remarks, as follows:

ACTIVATE MALSR Rwy 07, HIRL Rwy 07-25-122.8 (or CTAF).

ACTIVATE MIRL Rwy 18–36–122.8 (or CTAF).

ACTIVATE VASI and REIL, Rwy 07-122.8 (or CTAF).

Where the airport is not served by an instrument approach procedure and/or has an independent type system of different specification installed by the airport sponsor, descriptions of the type lights, method of control, and operating frequency will be explained in clear text. See AIM, "Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures," for detailed description of pilot control of airport lighting.

RUNWAY SLOP

Runway slope will be shown only when it is 0.3 percent or more. On runways less than 8000 feet: When available the direction of the slope upward will be indicated, ie., 0.3% up NW. On runways 8000 feet or greater: When available the slope will be shown on the runway end line, ie., RWY 13: 0.3% up., RWY 21: Pole. Rgt tfc. 0.4% down.

DIINWAY END DATA

Lighting systems such as VASI, MALSR, REIL; obstructions; displaced thresholds will be shown on the specific runway end. "Rgt tfc"—Right traffic indicates right turns should be made on landing and takeoff for specified runway end.

RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION

TORA—Take-off Run Available
TODA—Take-off Distance Available
ASDA—Accelerate-Stop Distance Available
LDA—Landing Distance Available

19 AIRPORT REMARKS

<u>Landing Fee</u> indicates landing charges for private or non-revenue producing aircraft, in addition, fees may be charged for planes that remain over a couple of hours and buy no services, or at major airline terminals for all aircraft.

Remarks—Data is confined to operational items affecting the status and usability of the airport.

Parachute Jumping.—See "PARACHUTE" tabulation for details.

Unless otherwise stated, remarks including runway ends refer to the runway's approach end.

20 WEATHER DATA SOURCES

ASOS—Automated Surface Observing System. Reports the same as an AWOS-3 plus precipitation identification and intensity, and freezing rain occurrence (future enhancement).

AWOS—Automated Weather Observing System

AWOS-A-reports altimeter setting.

AWOS-1—reports altimeter setting, wind data and usually temperature, dewpoint and density altitude.

AWOS-2-reports the same as AWOS-1 plus visibility.

AWOS-3—reports the same as AWOS-1 plus visibility and cloud/ceiling data.

See AIM, Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures for detailed description of AWOS.

HIWAS-See RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION

LAWRS—Limited Aviation Weather Reporting Station where observers report cloud height, weather, obstructions to vision, temperature and dewpoint (in most cases), surface wind, altimeter and pertinent remarks.

<u>LLWAS</u>—indicates a Low Level Wind Shear Alert System consisting of a center field and several field perimeter anemometers.

<u>SAWRS</u>—identifies airports that have a Supplemental Aviation Weather Reporting Station available to pilots for current weather information.

SWSL—Supplemental Weather Service Location providing current local weather information via radio and telephone.

(21) COMMUNICATIONS

Communications will be listed in sequence in the order shown below:

Common Traffic Advisory Frequency (CTAF), Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS) and Aeronautical Advisory Stations (UNICOM) along with their frequency is shown, where available, on the line following the heading "COMMUNICATIONS." When the CTAF and UNICOM is the same frequency, the frequency will be shown as CTAF/UNICOM freq.

Flight Service Station (FSS) information. The associated FSS will be shown followed by the identifier and information concerning availability of telephone service, e.g., Direct Line (DL), Local Call (LC-384-2341), Toll free call, dial (TF 800-852-7036 or TF 1-800-227-7160), Long Distance (LD 202-426-8800 or LD 1-202-555-1212) etc. The airport NOTAM file identifier will be shown as "NOTAM FILE IAD." Where the FSS is located on the field it will be indicated as "on arpt" following the identifier. Frequencies available will follow. The FSS telephone number will follow along with any significant operational information. FSS's whose name is not the same as the airport on which located will also be listed in the normal alphabetical name listing for the state in which located. Remote Communications Outlet (RCO) providing service to the airport followed by the frequency and name of the Controlling FSS.

FSS's provide information on airport conditions, radio aids and other facilities, and process flight plans. Local Airport Advisory Service is provided on the CTAF by FSS's located at non-tower airports or airports where the tower is not in operation.

(See AIM. Par. 157/158 Traffic Advisory Practices at airports where a tower is not in operation or AC 90 - 42C.)

Aviation weather briefing service is provided by FSS specialists. Flight and weather briefing services are also available by calling the telephone numbers listed.

Remote Communications Outlet (RCO)—An unmanned air/ground communications facility, remotely controlled and providing UHF or VHF communications capability to extend the service range of an FSS.

<u>Civil Communications Frequencies</u>—Civil communications frequencies used in the FSS air/ground system are now operated simplex on 122.0, 122.2, 122.3, 122.4, 122.6, 123.6; emergency 121.5; plus receive only on 122.05, 122.1, 122.15, and 123.6.

- a. 122.0 is assigned as the Enroute Flight Advisory Service channel at selected FSS's.
- b. 122.2 is assigned to most FSS's as a common enroute simplex service.
- c. 123.6 is assigned as the airport advisory channel at non-tower FSS locations, however, it is still in commission at some FSS's collocated with towers to provide part time Local Airport Advisory Service.
- d. 122.1 is the primary receive-only frequency at VOR's. 122.05, 122.15 and 123.6 are assigned at selected VOR's meeting certain criteria.
- e. Some FSS's are assigned 50 kHz channels for simplex operation in the 122-123 MHz band (e.g. 122.35). Pilots using the FSS A/G system should refer to this directory or appropriate charts to determine frequencies available at the FSS or remoted facility through which they wish to communicate.

Part time FSS hours of operation are shown in remarks under facility name.

Emergency frequency 121.5 is available at all Flight Service Stations, Towers, Approach Control and RADAR facilities, unless indicated as not available.

Frequencies published followed by the letter "T" or "R", indicate that the facility will only transmit or receive respectively on that frequency. All radio aids to navigation frequencies are transmit only.

TERMINAL SERVICES

CTAF—A program designed to get all vehicles and aircraft at uncontrolled airports on a common frequency.

ATIS—A continuous broadcast of recorded non-control information in selected areas of high activity.

UNICOM—A non-government air/ground radio communications facility utilized to provide general airport advisory service.

APP CON —Approach Control. The symbol (R) indicates radar approach control.

TOWER-Control tower

GND CON-Ground Control

DEP CON—Departure Control. The symbol ${f R}$ indicates radar departure control.

CLNC DEL-Clearance Delivery.

PRE TAXI CLNC-Pre taxi clearance

VFR ADVSY SVC--VFR Advisory Service. Service provided by Non-Radar Approach Control.

Advisory Service for VFR aircraft (upon a workload basis) ctc APP CON.

TOWER. APP CON and DEP CON RADIO CALL will be the same as the airport name unless indicated otherwise.

22 AIRSPACE

CLASS B-Radar Sequencing and Separation Service for all aircraft in CLASS B airspace

TRSA—Radar Sequencing and Separation Service for participating VFR Aircraft within a Terminal Radar Service Area

Class C. D. and E airspace described in this publication is that airspace usually consisting of a 5 NM radius core surface area that begins at the surface and extends upward to an altitude above the airport elevation (charted in MSL for Class C and Class D).

When CLASS C airspace defaults to CLASS E, the core surface area becomes CLASS E. This will be formatted as: AIRSPACE: CLASS C svc "times" ctc APP CON other times CLASS E.

When Class C airspace defaults to Class G, the core surface area becomes Class G up to but not including the overlying controlled airspace. There are Class E airspace areas beginning at either 700' or 1200' AGL used to transition to/from the terminal or enroute environment. This will be formatted as: AIRSPACE: CLASS C svc "times" ctc APP CON other times CLASS G, CLASS E 700' (or 1200') AGL & abv.

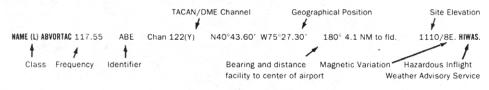
NOTE: AIRSPACE SVC EFF "TIMES" INCLUDE ALL ASSOCIATED EXTENSIONS. Arrival extensions for instrument approach procedures become part of the primary core surface area. These extensions may be either Class D or Class E airspace and are effective concurrent with the times of the primary core surface area.

(See CLASS AIRSPACE in the Aeronautical Information Manual for further details)

23 RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION

The Airport Facility Directory lists by facility name all Radio Aids to Navigation, except Military TACANS, that appear on National Ocean Service Visual or IFR Aeronautical Charts and those upon which the FAA has approved an Instrument Approach Procedure. All VOR, VORTAC ILS and MLS equipment in the National Airspace System has an automatic monitoring and shutdown feature in the event of malfunction. Unmonitored, as used in this publication for any navigational aid, means that FSS or tower personnel cannot observe the malfunction or shutdown signal. The NAVAID NOTAM file identifier will be shown as "NOTAM FILE IAD" and will be listed on the Radio Aids to Navigation line. When two or more NAVAIDS are listed and the NOTAM file identifiers for ILS's and their components (e.g., NDB (LOM) are the same as the identifiers for the associated airports and are not repeated. Hazardous Inflight Weather Advisory Service (HIWAS) will be shown where this service is broadcast over selected VOR's.

NAVAID information is tabulated as indicated in the following sample:



VOR unusable 020°-060° beyond 26 NM below 3500'

Restriction within the normal altitude/range of the navigational aid (See primary alphabetical listing for restrictions on VORTAC and VOR/DME).

Note: Those DME channel numbers with a (Y) suffix require TACAN to be placed in the "Y" mode to receive distance information.

HIWAS—Hazardous Inflight Weather Advisory Service is a continuous broadcast of inflight weather advisories including summarized SIGMETs, convective SIGMETs, AIRMETs and urgent PIREPs. HIWAS is presently broadcast over selected VOR's and will be implemented throughout the conterminous U.S.

ASR/PAR—Indicates that Surveillance (ASR) or Precision (PAR) radar instrument approach minimums are published in the U.S. Terminal Procedures. Only part-time hours of operation will be shown.

RADIO CLASS DESIGNATIONS

VOR/DME/TACAN Standard Service Volume (SSV) Classifications

SSV Class	Altitudes	Distance (NM)
(T) Terminal	1000' to 12,000'	25
(L) Low Altitude	1000' to 18,000'	40
(H) High Altitude	1000' to 14,500'	40
	14,500' to 18,000'	100
	18,000' to 45,000'	130
	45.000' to 60.000'	100

NOTE: Additionally, (H) facilities provide (L) and (T) service volume and (L) facilities provide (T) service. Altitudes are with respect to the station's site elevation. Coverage is not available in a cone of airspace directly above the facility.

The term VOR is, operationally, a general term covering the VHF omnidirectional bearing type of facility without regard to the fact that the power, the frequency protected service volume, the equipment configuration, and operational requirements may vary between facilities at different locations.

AB	Automatic Weather Broadcast
DF	
DME	UHF standard (TACAN compatible) distance measuring equipment.
DME(Y)	UHF standard (TACAN compatible) distance measuring equipment that require TACAN to be placed in the "Y" mode to receive DME.
н	Non-directional radio beacon (homing), power 50 watts to less than 2,000 watts (50 NM at all altitudes).
нн	Non-directional radio beacon (homing), power 2,000 watts or more (75 NM at all altitudes).
H-SAB	Non-directional radio beacons providing automatic transcribed weather service.
ILS	Instrument Landing System (voice, where available, on localizer channel).
ISMLS	
LDA	Localizer Directional Aid.
LMM	Compass locator station when installed at middle marker site (15 NM at all altitudes).
LOM	Compass locator station when installed at outer marker site (15 NM at all altitudes).
MH	Non-directional radio beacon (homing) power less than 50 watts (25 NM at all altitudes).
MLS	
S	Simultaneous range homing signal and/or voice.
SABH	Non-directional radio beacon not authorized for IFR or ATC. Provides automatic weather broadcasts.
SDF	Simplified Direction Facility.
TACAN	UHF navigational facility-omnidirectional course and distance information.
VOR	VHF navigational facility-omnidirectional course only.
VOR/DME	Collocated VOR navigational facility and UHF standard distance measuring equipment.
VORTAC	Collocated VOR and TACAN navigational facilities.
W	Without voice on radio facility frequency.
Z	VHF station location marker at a LF radio facility.

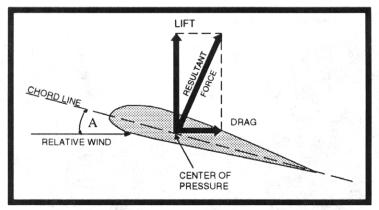


FIGURE 1.—Lift Vector.

ANGLE	LOAD	9		L	OAE	FA	стог	₹ СН	ART			
OF BANK	FACTOR	9										
ф	n	8										
0°	1.0	၂ က 7			,							
10°	1.015	STINU 6				1.00		err.		-	/	
30°	1.154	ن 5								-/		
45°	1.414	변 일 4								/		A
60°	2.000	LOAD FACTOR - G							-	<u> </u>		
70°	2.923	QAO 2							/			
80°	5.747] _ 1				_						
85°	11.473											
90°	∞		0 1	0 20 BA					60 7 EGRE		0 9	0

FIGURE 2.—Load Factor Chart.

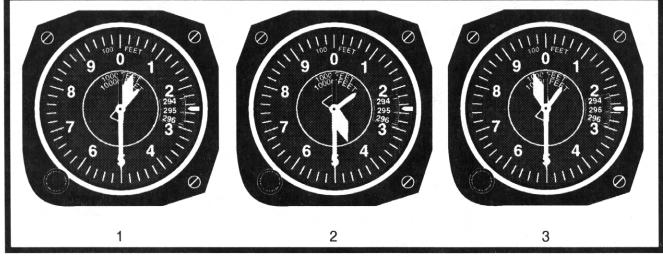


FIGURE 3.—Altimeter.



FIGURE 4.—Airspeed Indicator.

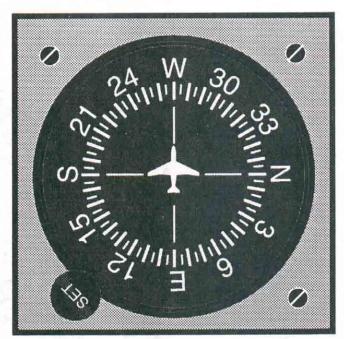


FIGURE 6.—Heading Indicator.

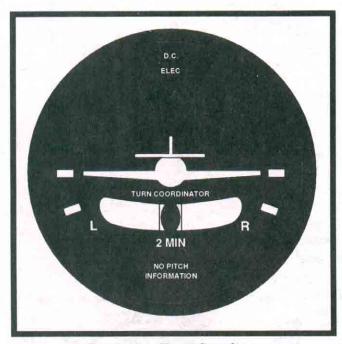


FIGURE 5.—Turn Coordinator.

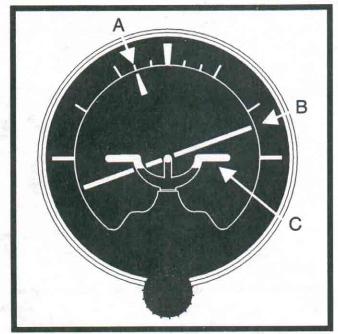


FIGURE 7.—Attitude Indicator.

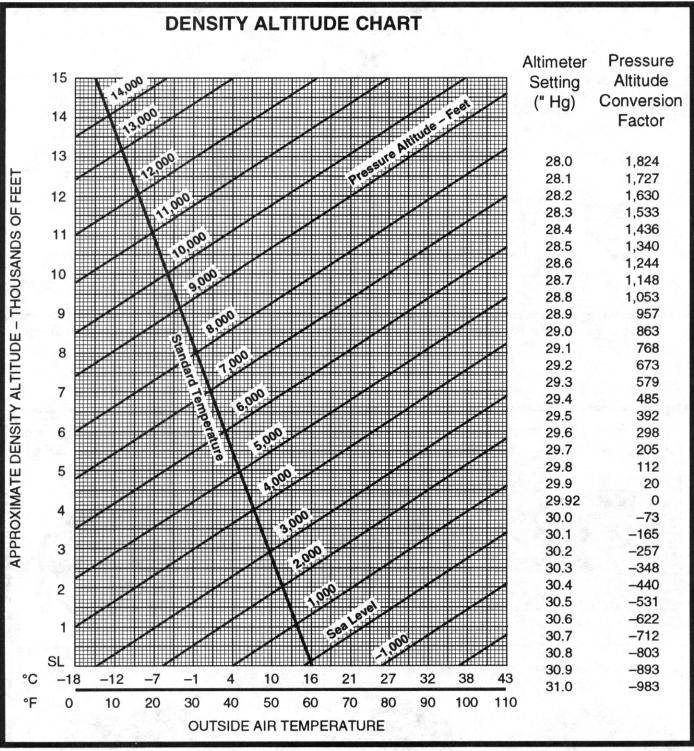


FIGURE 8.—Density Altitude Chart.

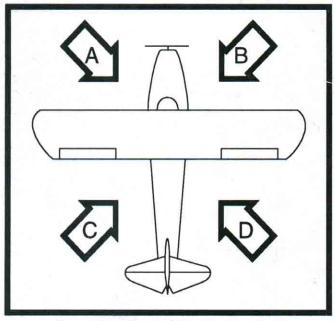


FIGURE 9.—Control Position for Taxi.

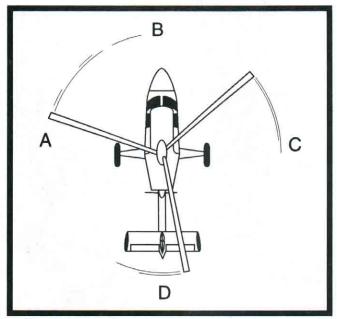


FIGURE 10.—Gyroplane Rotor Blade Position.

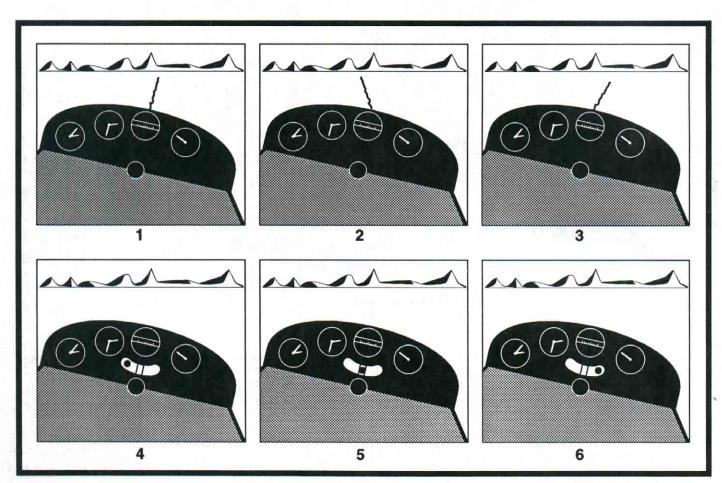


FIGURE 11.—Glider Yaw String.

METAR KINK 121845Z 11012G18KT 15SM SKC 25/17 A3000

METAR KBOI 121854Z 13004KT 30SM SCT150 17/6 A3015

METAR KLAX 121852Z 25004KT 6SM BR SCT007 SCT250 16/15 A2991

SPECI KMDW 121856Z 32005KT 1 1/2SM RA OVC007 17/16 A2980 RMK RAB35

SPECI KJFK 121853Z 18004KT 1/2SM FG R04/2200 OVC005 20/18 A3006

FIGURE 12.—Aviation Routine Weather Reports (METAR).

This is a telephone weather briefing from the Dallas FSS for a local operation of gliders and lighter-than-air at Caddo Mills, Texas (about 30 miles east of Dallas). The briefing is at 13Z.

"There are no adverse conditions reported or forecast for today."

"A weak low pressure over the Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico is causing a weak southerly flow over the area."

"Current weather here at Dallas is wind south 5 knots, visibility 12 miles, clear, temperature 21, dewpoint 9, altimeter 29 point 78."

"By 15Z we should have a few scattered cumuliform clouds at 5 thousand AGL, with higher scattered cirrus at 25 thousand MSL. After 20Z the wind should pick up to about 15 knots from the south."

"The winds aloft are: 3 thousand 170 at 7, temperature 20; 6 thousand 200 at 18, temperature 14; 9 thousand 210 at 22, temperature 8; 12 thousand 225 at 27, temperature 0; 18 thousand 240 at 30, temperature -7."

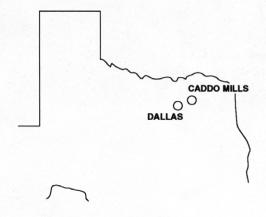


FIGURE 13.—Telephone Weather Briefing.

UA/OV KOKC-KTUL/TM 1800/FL120/TP BE90//SK BKN018-TOP055/OVC072-TOP089/CLR ABV/TA M7/WV 08021/TB LGT 055-072/IC LGT-MOD RIME 072-089

FIGURE 14.—Pilot Weather Report.

TAF

KMEM 121720Z 121818 20012KT 5SM HZ BKN030 PROB40 2022 1SM TSRA OVC008CB

FM2200 33015G20KT P6SM BKN015 OVC025 PROB40 2202 3SM SHRA

FM0200 35012KT OVC008 PROB40 0205 2SM -RASN BECMG 0608 02008KT BKN012

BECMG 1012 00000KT 3SM BR SKC TEMPO 1214 1/2SM FG

FM1600 VRB06KT P6SM SKC=

KOKC 051130Z 051212 14008KT 5SM BR BKN030 TEMPO 1316 1 1/2SM BR

FM1600 18010KT P6SM SKC BECMG 2224 20013G20KT 4SM SHRA OVC020 PROB40 0006 2SM TSRA OVC008CB BECMG 0608 21015KT P6SM SCT040=

FIGURE 15.—Terminal Aerodrome Forecasts (TAF).

BOSC FA 241845
SYNOPSIS AND VFR CLDS/WX
SYNOPSIS VALID UNTIL 251300
CLDS/WX VALID UNTIL 250700...OTLK VALID 250700-251300
ME NH VT MA RI CT NY LO NJ PA OH LE WV MD DC DE VA AND CSTL WTRS

SEE AIRMET SIERRA FOR IFR CONDS AND MTN OBSCN.
TS IMPLY SEV OR GTR TURB SEV ICE LLWS AND IFR CONDS.
NON MSL HGTS DENOTED BY AGL OR CIG.

SYNOPSIS...19Z CDFNT ALG A 160NE ACK-ENE LN...CONTG AS A QSTNRY FNT ALG AN END-50SW MSS LN. BY 13Z...CDFNT ALG A 140ESE ACK-HTO LN...CONTG AS A QSTNRY FNT ALG A HTO-SYR-YYZ LN. TROF ACRS CNTRL PA INTO NRN VA. ...REYNOLDS...

OH LE

NRN HLF OH LE...SCT-BKN025 OVC045. CLDS LYRD 150. SCT SHRA. WDLY SCT TSRA. CB TOPS FL350. 23-01Z OVC020-030. VIS 3SM BR. OCNL - RA. OTLK...IFR CIG BR FG.

SWRN QTR OH...BKN050-060 TOPS 100. OTLK...MVFR BR.
SERN QTR OH...SCT-BKN040 BKN070 TOPS 120. WDLY SCT -TSRA. 00Z
SCT-BKN030 OVC050. WDLY SCT -TSRA. CB TOPS FL350. OTLK...VFR
SHRA.

CHIC FA 241945
SYNOPSIS AND VFR CLDS/WX
SYNOPSIS VALID UNTIL 251400
CLDS/WX VALID UNTIL 250800...OTLK VALID 250800-251400
ND SD NE KS MN IA MO WI LM LS MI LH IL IN KY

SEE AIRMET SIERRA FOR IFR CONDS AND MTN OBSCN.
TS IMPLY SEV OR GTR TURB SEV ICE LLWS AND IFR CONDS.
NON MSL HGTS DENOTED BY AGL OR CIG.

SYNOPSIS...LOW PRES AREA 20Z CNTRD OVR SERN WI FCST MOV NEWD INTO LH BY 12Z AND WKN. LOW PRES FCST DEEPEN OVR ERN CO DURG PD AND MOV NR WRN KS BORDER BY 14Z. DVLPG CDFNT WL MOV EWD INTO S CNTRL NE-CNTRL KS BY 14Z. ...SMITH...

UPR MILS

WRN PTNS...AGL SCT030 SCT-BKN050. TOPS 080. 02-05Z BECMG CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM BR. OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

ERN PTNS...CIG BKN020 OVC040. OCNL VIS 3-5SM -RA BR. TOPS FL200. 23Z CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM -RA BR. OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

LWR MI LM LH

CNTRL/NRN PTNS...CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM -RA BR. TOPS FL200. OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

SRN THIRD...CIG OVC015-025. SCT -SHRA. TOPS 150. 00-02Z BECMG CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM BR. TOPS 060. OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

IN

NRN HALF...CIG BKN035 BKN080. TOPS FL200. SCT -SHRA. 00Z CIG BKN-SCT040 BKN-SCT080. TOPS 120. 06Z AGL SCT-BKN030. TOPS 080. OCNL VIS 3-5SM BR. OTLK...MVFR CIG BR.

SRN HALF...AGL SCT050 SCT-BKN100. TOPS 120. 07Z AGL SCT 030 SCT100. OTLK...VFR.

DATA	3C 151745 BASED ON 1600Z FOI	I 151200Z R USE 1800-0:	300Z. TEMPS	S NEG ABV 2	24000				
FT	3000	6000	9000	12000	18000	24000	30000	34000	39000
ALS			2420	2635-08	2535-18	2444-30	245945	246755	246862
AMA		2714	2725+00	2625-04	2531-15	2542-27	265842	256352	256762
DEN			2321-04	2532-08	2434-19	2441-31	235347	236056	236262
HLC		1707-01	2113-03	2219-07	2330-17	2435-30	244145	244854	245561
MKC	0507	2006+03	2215-01	2322-06	2338-17	2348-29	236143	237252	238160
STL	2113	2325+07	2332+02	2339-04	2356-16	2373-27	239440	730649	731960

FIGURE 17.—Winds and Temperatures Aloft Forecast.

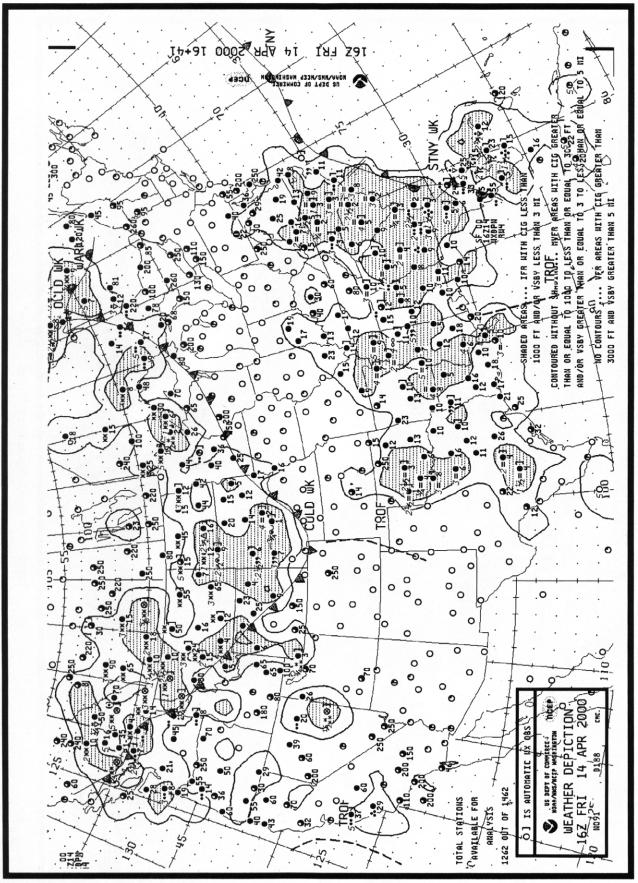


FIGURE 18.—Weather Depiction Chart.

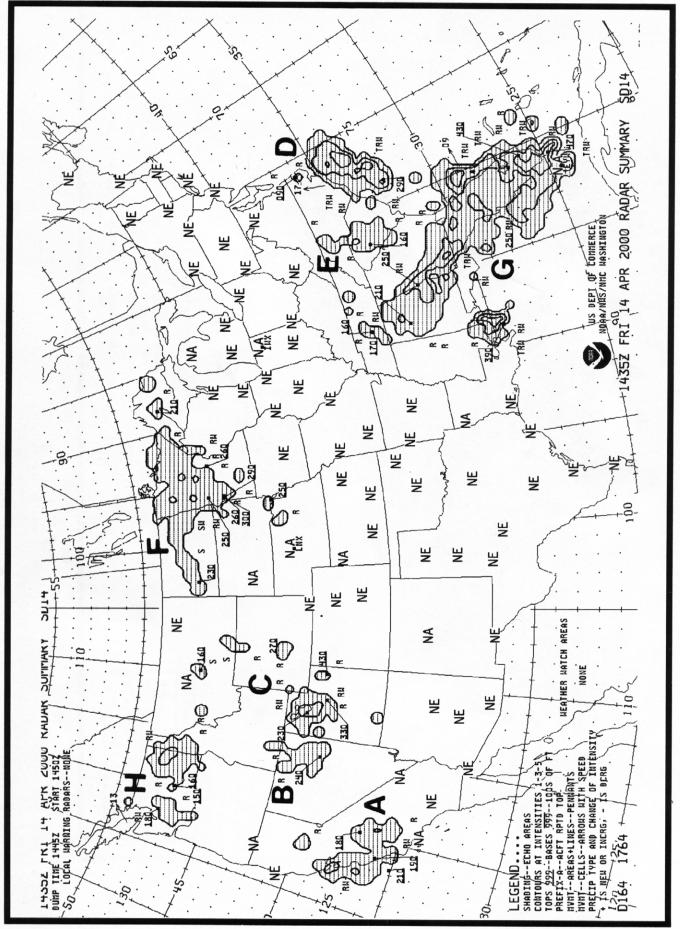


FIGURE 19.—Radar Summary Chart.

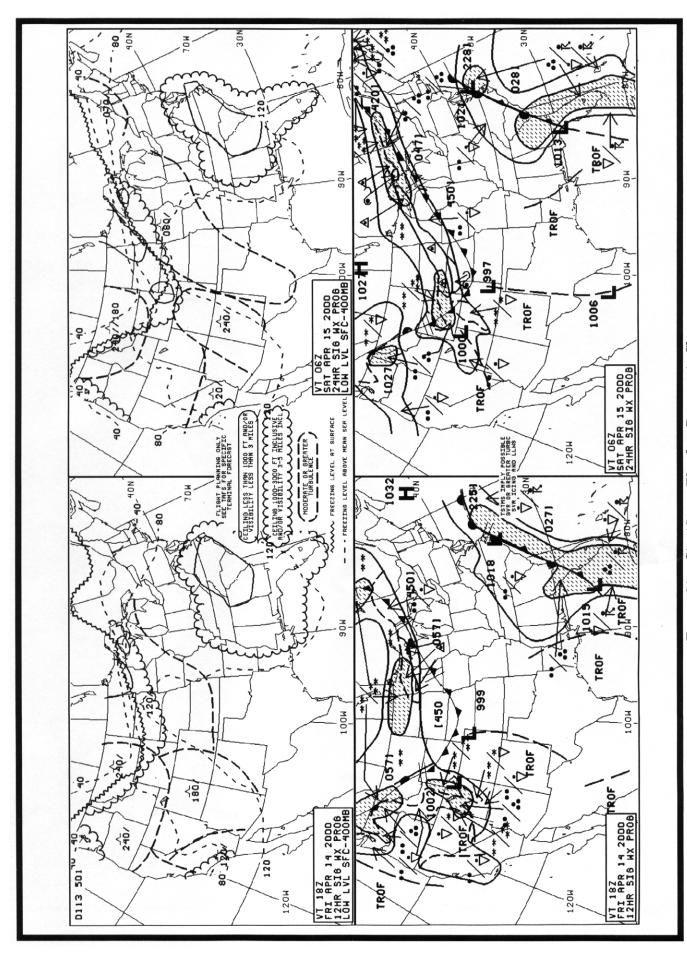


FIGURE 20.—Significant Weather Prognostic Chart.

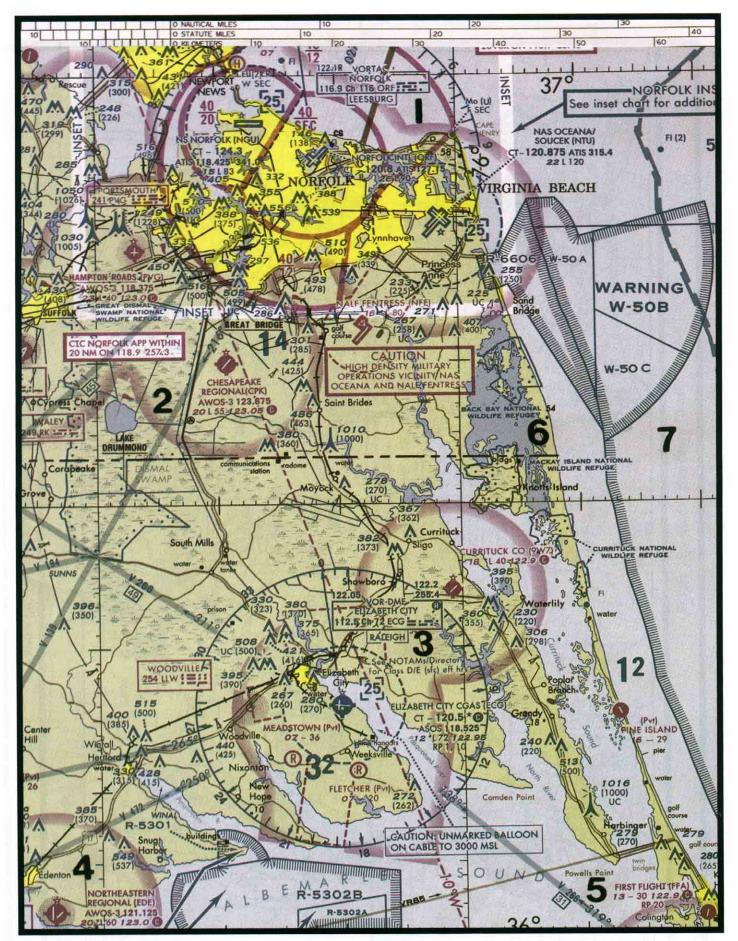


FIGURE 21.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

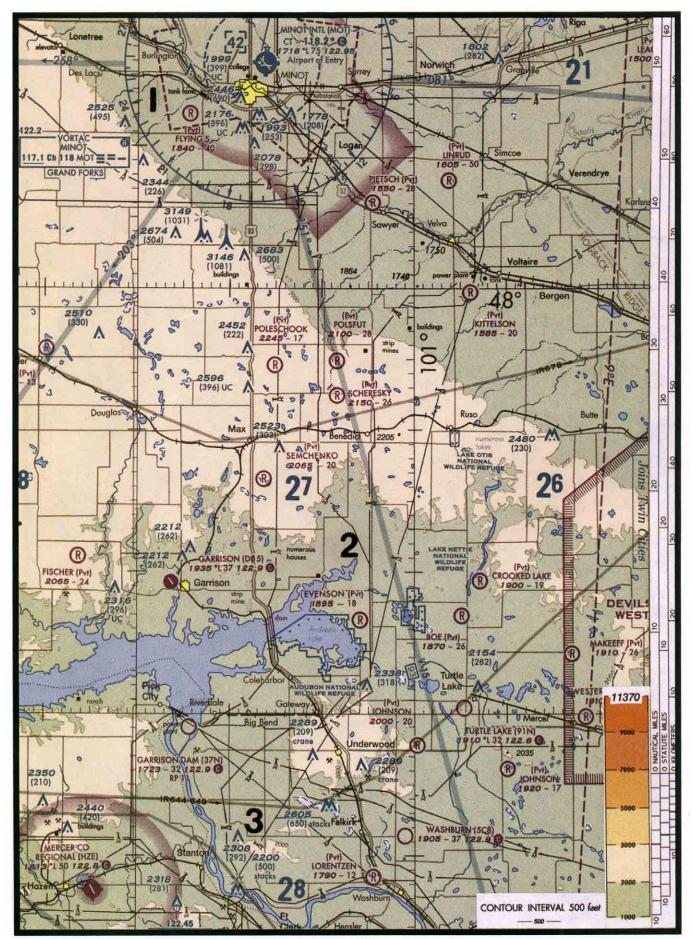


FIGURE 22.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

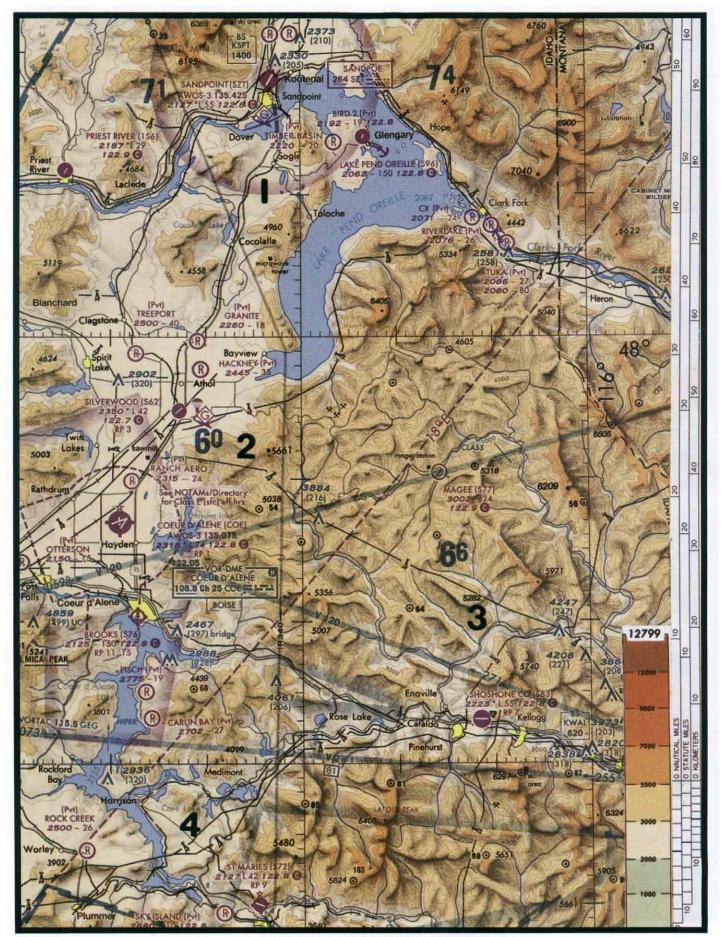


FIGURE 23.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

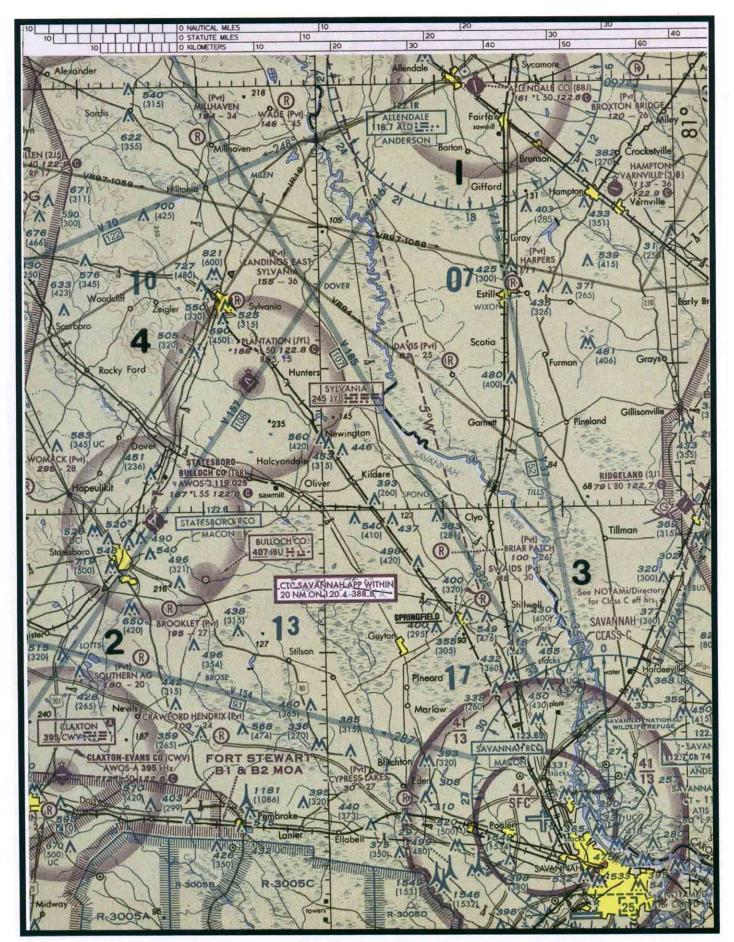


FIGURE 24.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

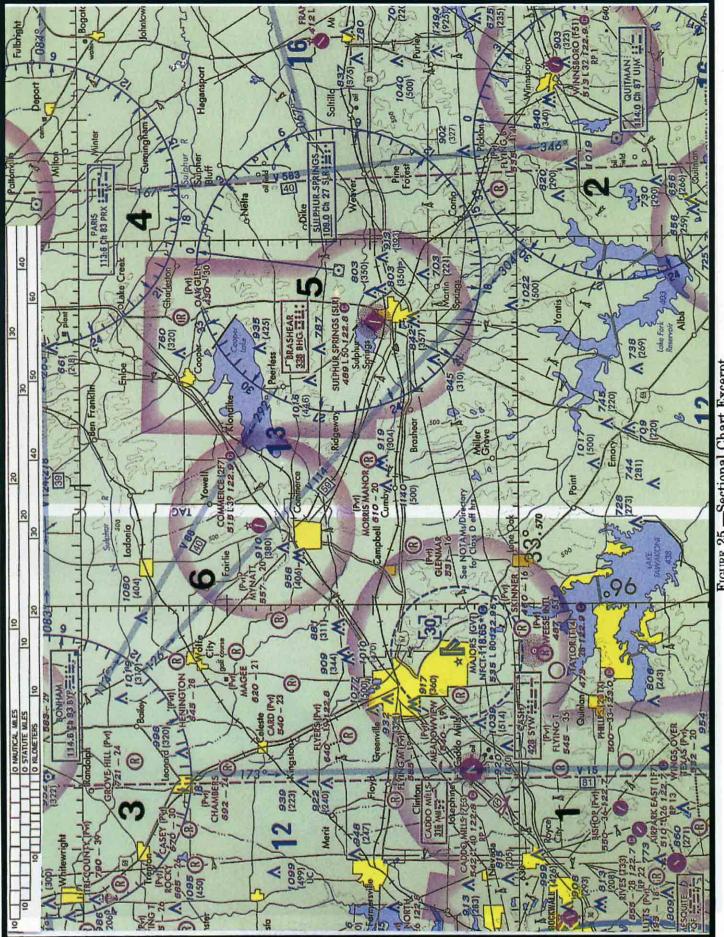


FIGURE 25.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

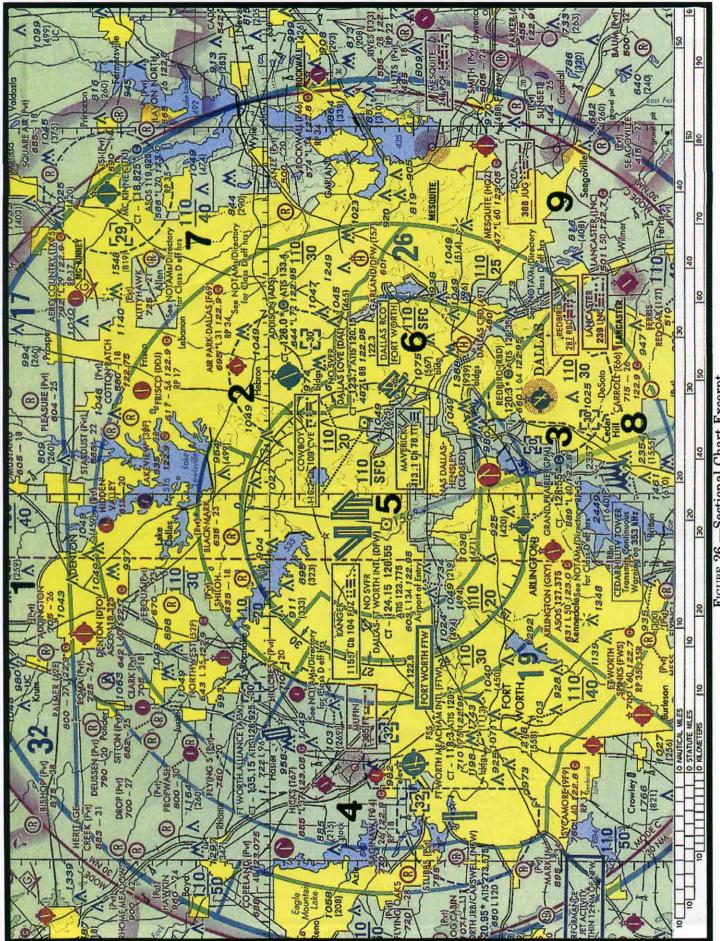


FIGURE 26.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

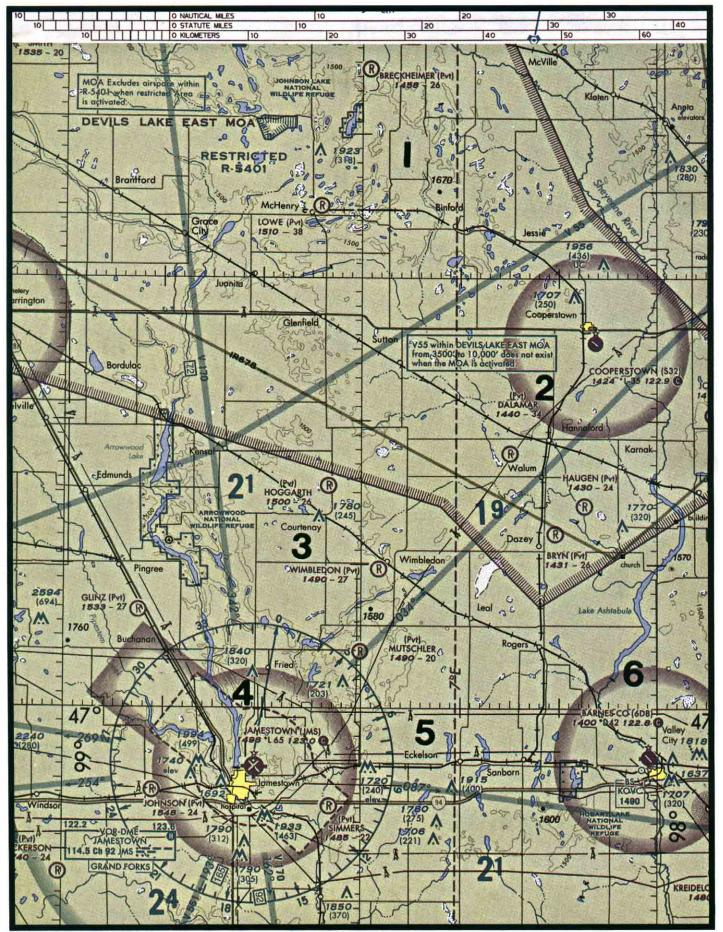


FIGURE 27.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

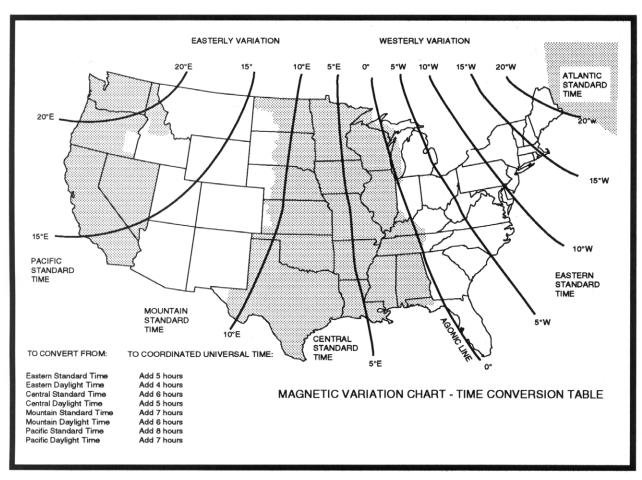


FIGURE 28.—Time Conversion Table.

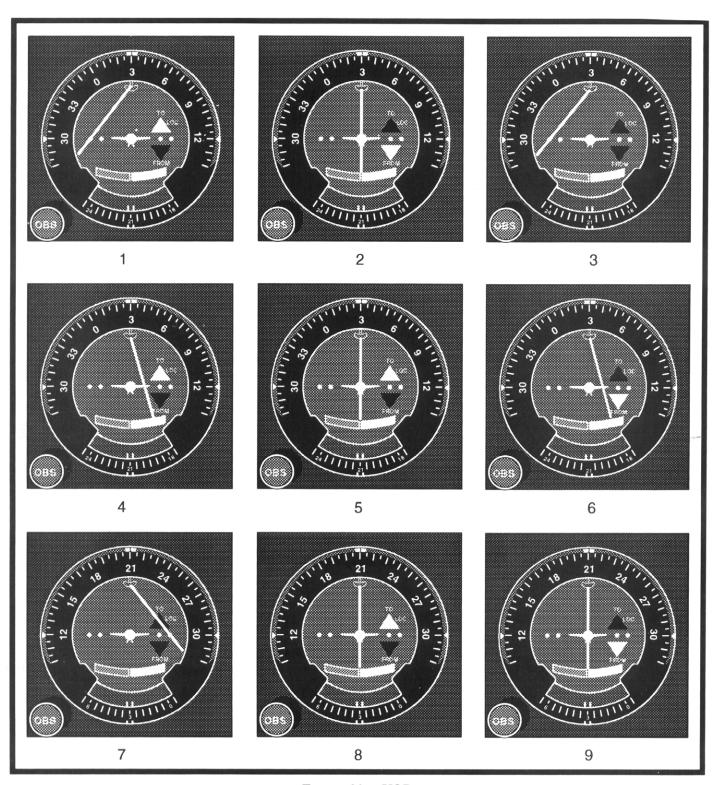


FIGURE 29.—VOR.

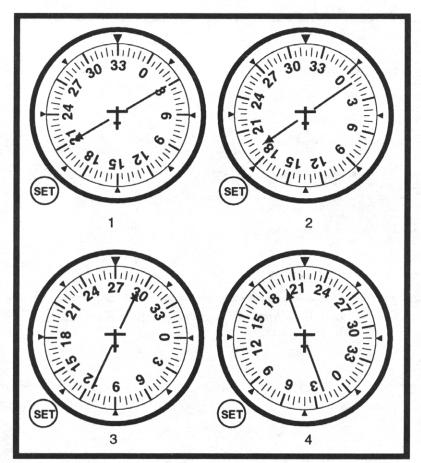


FIGURE 30.—ADF (Movable Card).

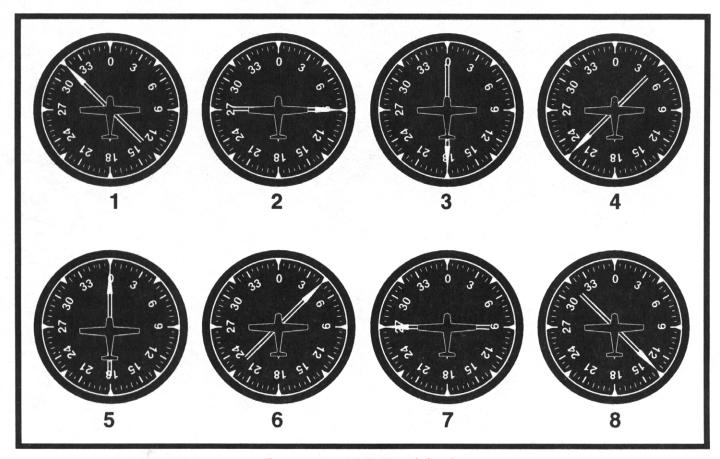


FIGURE 31.—ADF (Fixed Card).

18 IDAHO COEUR D'ALENE AIR TERMINAL (COE) 9 NW UTC-8(-7DT) N47°46.46' W116°49.17' 2318 B S4 FUEL 80, 100, JET A OX 1, 2 H-1B, L-9A RWY 05-23: H7400X140 (ASPH-GRVD) S-57, D-95, DT-165 HIRL 0.7%up NE RWY 23: REIL. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 39'. RWY 05: MALSR. RWY 01-19: H5400X75 (ASPH) S-50, D-83, DT-150 MIRL RWY 01: REIL. Rgt tfc. AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended Mon-Fri 1500-0100Z‡. Rwy 05-23 potential standing water and/or ice on center 3000' of rwy. Arpt conditions avbl on UNICOM. Rwy 19 is designated calm wind rwy. ACTIVATE MIRL Rwy 01-19, HIRL Rwy 05-23 and MALSR Rwy 05-CTAF. REIL Rwy 23 opr only when HIRL on high ints. WEATHER DATA SOURCES: AWOS-3 135.075 (208) 772-8215. COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 122.8 BOISE FSS (BOI) TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF. NOTAM FILE COE. RCO 122.05 (BOISE FSS) R SPOKANE APP/DEP CON 132.1 RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE COE. (T) VORW/DME 108.8 COE Chan 25 N47°46.42' W116°49.24' at fld. 2290/19E. DME portion unusable 280° – 350° byd 15 NM blo 11000' 220° – 240° byd 15 NM. LEENY NDB (LOM) 347 CO N47°44.57′ W116°57.66′ 053° 6.0 NM to fld. ILS 110.7 I-COE Rwy 05 LOM LEENY NDB. ILS localizer/glide slope unmonitored.

FIGURE 32.—Airport/Facility Directory Excerpt.

USEFUL LOAD WEIGHTS AND MOMENTS

OCCUPANTS

	SEATS W 85	REAR SEATS ARM 121			
Weight	Moment 100	Weight	Moment 100		
120	102	120	145		
130	110	130	157		
140	119	140	169		
150	128	150	182		
160	136	160	194		
170	144	170	206		
180	153	180	218		
190	162	190	230		
200	170	200	242		

BAGGAGE OR 5TH SEAT OCCUPANT ARM 140

Weight	Moment 100
10	14
20	28
30	42
40	56
50	70
60	84
70	98
80	112
90	126
100	140
110	154
120	168
130	182
140	196
150	210
160	224
170	238
180	252
190	266
200	280
210	294
220	308
230	322
240	336
250	350
260	364
270	378

USABLE FUEL

M	MAIN WING TANKS ARM 75					
Gallons	Weight	Moment 100				
5	30	22				
10	60	45				
15	90	68				
20	120	90				
25	150	112				
30	180	135				
35	210	158				
40	240	180				
44	264	198				

AUXILIARY WING TANKS ARM 94

Gallons	Weight	Moment 100
5	30	28
10	60	56
15	90	85
19	114	107

*OIL

Quarts	Weight	Moment 100
10	19	5

^{*}Included in basic Empty Weight

Empty Weight ~ 2015 MOM / 100 ~ 1554

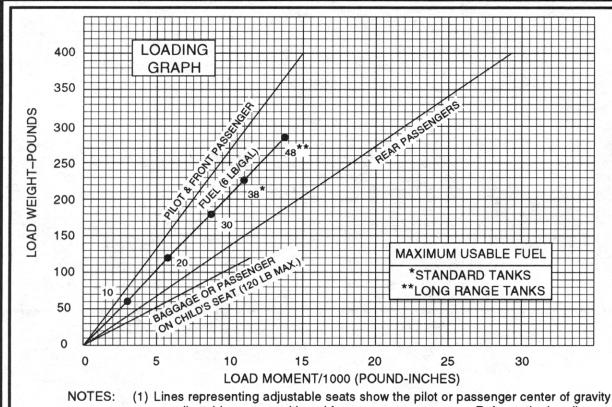
MOMENT LIMITS vs WEIGHT

Moment limits are based on the following weight and center of gravity limit data (landing gear down).

FORWARD CG LIMIT	AFT CG LIMIT
82.1	84.7
77.5	85.7
77.0	85.7
	CG LIMIT 82.1 77.5

MOMENT LIMITS vs WEIGHT (Continued)

Weight	Minimum Ma Moment M Weight 100		Weight	Minimum Moment 100	Maximum Moment 100
2100	1617	1800	2600	2037	2224
2110	1625	1808	2610	2048	2232
2120	1632	1817	2620	2058	2239
2130	1640	1825	2630	2069	2247
2140	1648	1834	2640	2080	2255
2150	1656	1843	2650	2090	2263
2160	1663	1851	2660	2101	2271
2170	1671	1860	2670	2112	2279
2180	1679	1868	2680	2123	2287
2190	1686	1877	2690	2133	2295
2200	1694	1885	2700	2144	2303
2210	1702	1894	2710	2155	2311
2220	1709	1903	2720	2166	2319
2230	1717	1911	2730	2177	2326
2240	1725	1920	2740	2188	2334
2250	1733	1928	2750	2199	2342
2260	1740	1937	2760	2210	2350
2270	1748	1945	2770	2221	2358
2280	1756	1954	2780	2232	2366
2290	1763	1963	2790	2243	2374
2300	1771	1971	-:		
2310	1779	1980	2800	2254	2381
2320	1786	1988	2810	2265	2389
2330	1794	1997	2820	2276	2397
2340	1802	2005	2830	2287	2405
2350	1810	2014	2840	2298	2413
2360	1817	2023	2850	2309	2421
2370	1825	2031	2860	2320	2428
2380	1833	2040	2870	2332	2436
2390	1840	2048	2880	2343	2444
			2890	2354	2452
2400	1848	2057	2900	2365	2460
2410	1856	2065	2910	2377	2468
2420	1863	2074	2920	2388	2475
2430	1871	2083	2930	2399	2483
2440	1879	2091	2940	2411	2491
2450	1887	2100	2950	2422	2499
2460	1894	2108	2000		
2470	1902	2117			
2480	1911	2125			
2490	1921	2134			
2500	1932	2143			
2510	1942	2151			
2520	1953	2160			
2530	1963	2168			
2540	1974	2176			
2550	1984	2184			
2560	1995	2192			
2570	2005	2200			
2580	2016	2208			
2590	2026	2216			



NOTES: (1) Lines representing adjustable seats show the pilot or passenger center of gravit on adjustable seats positioned for an average occupant. Refer to the Loading Arrangements diagram for forward and aft limits of occupant CG range.

(2) Engine Oil: 8 Qt. =15 Lb at -0.2 Moment/1000.

NOTE: The empty weight of this airplane does not include the weight of the oil.

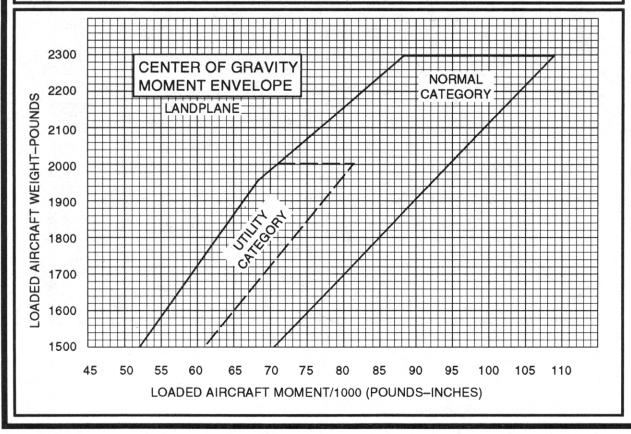


FIGURE 35.—Airplane Weight and Balance Graphs.

CRUISE POWER SETTINGS

65% MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS POWER (OR FULL THROTTLE) 2800 POUNDS

	ISA -20 °C (-36 °F)					STANDARD DAY (ISA)						ISA +20 °C (+36 °F)												
PRESS ALT. FEET	IOA	ιΤ	ENGINE SPEED		FI.	UEL LOW PER GINE	TA	s	10/	AT	ENGINE SPEED	MAN. PRESS	FL Pl	JEL OW ER SINE	т	AS	10/	AT	ENGINE SPEED	MAN. PRESS	FL P	JEL OW ER GINE	TA	s
FEET	۰F	°C	RPM	IN HG	PSI	GPH	KTS	MPH	°F	°C	RPM	IN HG	PSI	GPH	KTS	MPH	°F	°C	RPM	IN HG	PSI	GPH	KTS	MPH
SL	27	-3	2450	20.7	6.6	11.5	147	169	63	17	2450	21.2	6.6	11.5	150	173	99	37	2450	21.8	6.6	11.5	153	176
2000	19	-7	2450	20.4	6.6	11.5	149	171	55	13	2450	21.0	6.6	11.5	153	176	91	33	2450	21.5	6.6	11.5	156	180
4000	12	-11	2450	20.1	6.6	11.5	152	175	48	9	2450	20.7	6.6	11.5	156	180	84	29	2450	21.3	6.6	11.5	159	183
6000	5	-15	2450	19.8	6.6	11.5	155	178	41	5	2450	20.4	6.6	11.5	158	182	79	26	2450	21.0	6.6	11.5	161	185
8000	-2	-19	2450	19.5	6.6	11.5	157	181	36	2	2450	20.2	6.6	11.5	161	185	72	22	2450	20.8	6.6	11.5	164	189
10000	-8	-22	2450	19.2	6.6	11.5	160	184	28	-2	2450	19.9	6.6	11.5	163	188	64	18	2450	20.3	6.5	11.4	166	191
12000	-15	-26	2450	18.8	6.4	11.3	162	186	21	-6	2450	18.8	6.1	10.9	163	188	57	14	2450	18.8	5.9	10.6	163	188
14000	-22	-30	2450	17.4	5.8	10.5	159	183	14	-10	2450	17.4	5.6	10.1	160	184	50	10	2450	17.4	5.4	9.8	160	184
16000	-29	-34	2450	16.1	5.3	9.7	156	180	7	-14	2450	16.1	5.1	9.4	156	180	43	6	2450	16.1	4.9	9.1	155	178

NOTES: 1. Full throttle manifold pressure settings are approximate.

2. Shaded area represents operation with full throttle.

FIGURE 36.—Airplane Power Setting Table.

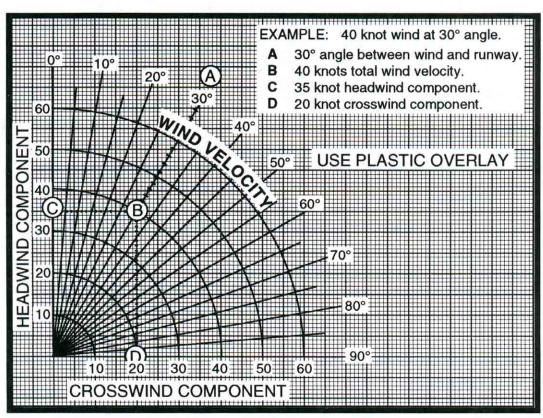


FIGURE 37.—Crosswind Component Graph.

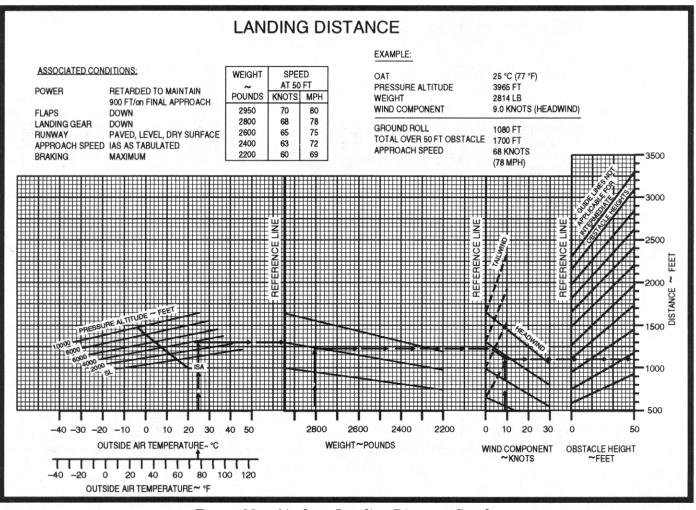


FIGURE 38.—Airplane Landing Distance Graph.

		AT SEA LEV	/EL & 59 °F	AT 2500 FT	& 50 °F	AT 5000 FT	& 41 °F	AT 7500 FT & 32 °F			
GROSS WEIGHT LB	APPROACH SPEED, IAS, MPH	GROUND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS	GROUND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS	GROUND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS	GROUND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS		
1600	60	445	1075	470	1135	495	1195	520	1255		

NOTES: 1. Decrease the distances shown by 10% for each 4 knots of headwind.
2. Increase the distance by 10% for each 60 °F temperature increase above standard.
3. For operation on a dry, grass runway, increase distances (both *ground roll* and *total to clear 50 ft obstacle*) by 20% of the *total to clear 50 ft obstacle* figure.

FIGURE 39.—Airplane Landing Distance Table.

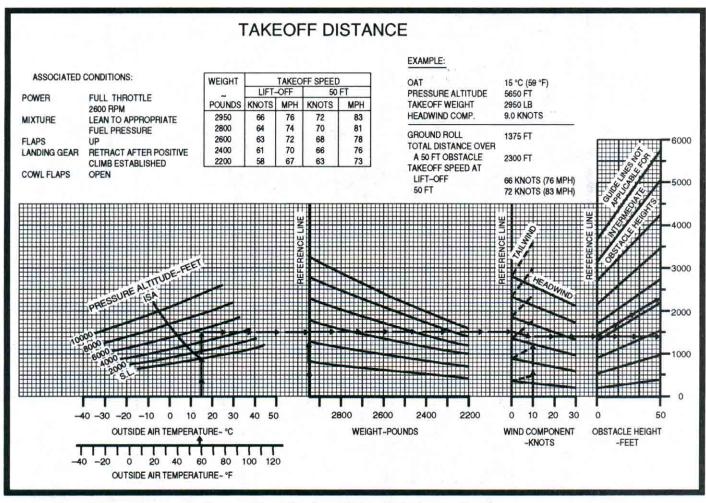


FIGURE 41.—Airplane Takeoff Distance Graph.

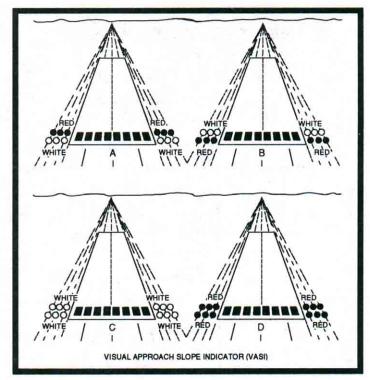


FIGURE 48.—VASI Illustrations.

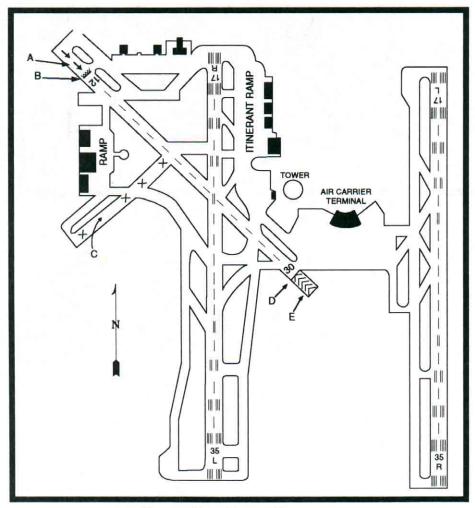
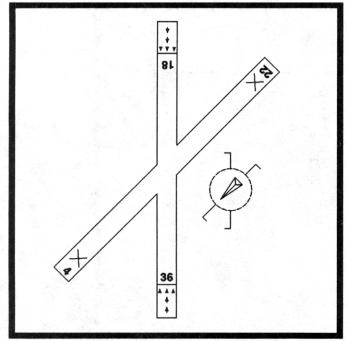
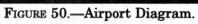


FIGURE 49.—Airport Diagram.





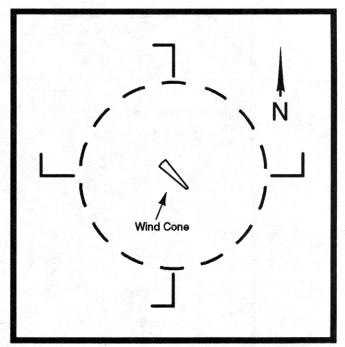


FIGURE 51.—Airport Landing Indicator.

FEDERAL AV	IMENT OF TRA VIATION ADMIN		(FAA USE	EONLY) [□ PILOT BRIEFING	SPECIALIS INITIALS					
VFR IFR DVFR	AIRCRAFT IDENTIFICAT	3 AIRCE SPECI	AFT TYPE/ AL EQUIPMENT	4 TRUE AIRSPEED	PROPOSED (Z) ACTUAL (Z						
DESTINATIO and city)	DN (Name of airp	10 EST.	RS MINUTE	11 REMARI	KS						
12 FUEL ON BOARD 13 ALTERNATE AIRPORT(S) HOURS MINUTES				14 PILOTS	14 PILOT'S NAME, ADDRESS & TELEPHONE NUMBER & AIRCRAFT HOME BASE						
				17 DESTIN	ATION CONTACT/TELEPHONE (C	OPTIONAL)					
6 COLOR O	FAIRCRAFT	cor	trolled airspace deral Aviation A	. Failure to file co	ort 91 requires you file an IFI buld result in a civil penalty not ended). Filing of a VFR fligh oncerning DVFR flight plans.	to exceed \$1,000 for	each violation (Se	ction 901 of the			

FIGURE 52.—Flight Plan Form.

```
LINCOLN MUNI (LNK) 4 NW UTC-6(-5DT) N40°51.05′ W96°45.55′
  1218 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A TPA-2218(1000) ARFF Index B
                                                                                           H-1E, 3F, 4F, L-11B
  RWY 17R-35L: H12901X200 (ASPH-CONC-GRVD) S-100, D-200, DT-400
    RWY 17R: MALSR. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 55', Rgt tfc. 0.4% down.
    RWY 35L: MALSR. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 55'.
   RWY 14-32: H8620X150 (ASPH-CONC-GRVD) S-80, D-170, DT-280
    RWY 14: REIL. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 48'.
    RWY 32: VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 53'. Thid dspicd 431'. Pole. 0.3% up.
  RWY 17L-35R: H5400X100 (ASPH-CONC-AFSC) S-49, D-60 HIRL 0.8% up N
                                           RWY 35R: PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 40', Pole, Rgt tfc.
    RWY 17L: PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 33'.
   AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended continuously. Birds in vicinity of arpt. Twy D clsd between taxiways S and H indef. For
    MALSR Rwy 17R and Rwy 35L ctc twr. When twr clsd MALSR Rwy 17R and Rwy 35L preset on med ints, and REIL
    Rwy 14 left on when wind favor. NOTE: See Land and Hold Short Operations Section.
   WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS (402) 474-9214. LLWAS
   COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 118.5 ATIS 118.05 UNICOM 122.95
    COLUMBUS FSS (OLU) TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF. NOTAM FILE LNK.
    RCO 122.65 (COLUMBUS FSS)
   APP/DEP CON 124.0 (170°-349°) 124.8 (350°-169°) (1130-0630Z±)
 R MINNEAPOLIS CENTER APP/DEP CON 128.75 (0630-1130Z‡)
    TOWER 118.5 125.7 (1130-0630Z‡) GND CON 121.9
                                                        CLNC DEL 120.7
   AIRSPACE: CLASS C svc 1130-0630Z‡ ctc APP CON other times CLASS E.
   RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE LNK. VHF/DF ctc FSS.
    (H) VORTACW 116.1 LNK Chan 108 N40°55.43′ W96°44.52′ 181° 4.5 NM to fld. 1370/9E
    POTTS NDB (MHW/LOM) 385 LN N40°44.83′ W96°45.75′ 355° 6.2 NM to fld. Unmonitored when twr clsd.
    ILS 111.1 I-OCZ Rwy 17R. MM and OM unmonitored.
ILS 109.9 I-LNK Rwy 35L LOM POTTS NDB. MM unmonitored. LOM unmonitored when twr clsd.
   COMM/NAVAID REMARKS: Emerg frequency 121.5 not available at tower.
LOUP CITY MUNI (NEØ3) 1 NW UTC-6(-5DT) N41°17.42' W98°59.44'
                                                                                                      OMAHA
   2070 B FUEL 100LL
                                                                                                      L-11B
   RWY 15-33: H3200X50 (ASPH)
                               S-8 LIRL
    RWY 33: Trees.
   RWY 04-22: 2100X100 (TURF)
                       RWY 22: Road.
    RWY 04: Tree.
   AIRPORT REMARKS: Unattended. For svc call 308-745-0328/1244/0664.
   COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 122.9
    COLUMBUS FSS (OLU) TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF. NOTAM FILE OLU.
   RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE OLU.
                                      Chan 95 N41°22.54′ W98°21.22′ 253° 29.3 NM to fld. 2010/7E.
     WOLBACH (H) VORTAC 114.8 OBH
MARTIN FLD
               (See SO SIOUX CITY)
                                                                                                     OMAHA
MC COOK MUNI (MCK) 2 E UTC-6(-5DT) N40°12.36' W100°35.51'
   2579 B S4 FUEL 100LL. JET A ARFF Index Ltd.
                                                                                                 H-2D, L-11A
   RWY 12-30: H5999X100 (CONC) S-30, D-38 MIRL 0.6% up NW
    RWY 12: MALS. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 33'. Tree.
                                                        RWY 30: REIL. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 42'.
   RWY 03-21: H3999X75 (CONC) S-30, D-38 MIRL
                                                    RWY 21: VASI(V2L)-GA 3.0° TCH 26'.
    RWY 03: VASI(V2L)-GA 3.0° TCH 26'. Rgt tfc.
   RWY 17-35: 1350X200 (TURF)
   AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended daylight hours. Parachute Jumping. Deer on and in vicinity of arpt. Numerous
     waterfowl/migratory birds invof arpt. Arpt closed to air carrier operations with more than 30 passengers except
     24 hour PPR, call arpt manager 308-345-2022. Avoid McCook State (abandoned) arpt 7 miles NW on the MCK
     VOR/DME 313° radial at 8.3 DME. ACTIVATE VASI Rwys 12 and 30 and MALS Rwy 12—CTAF.
   COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 122.8
     COLUMBUS FSS (OLU) TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF. NOTAM FILE MCK.
     RCO 122.6 (COLUMBUS FSS)
     DENVER CENTER APP/DEP CON 132.7
   AIRSPACE: CLASS E svc effective 1100-0500Z‡ except holidays other times CLASS G.
   RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE MCK.
                                 Chan 100 N40°12.23' W100°35.65' at fld. 2570/8E.
     (H) VORW/DME 115.3
                        MCK
```

For	N	30	60	Е	120	150
Steer	0	27	56	85	116	148
For	S	210	240	W	300	330
Steer	181	214	244	274	303	332

FIGURE 59.—Compass card.

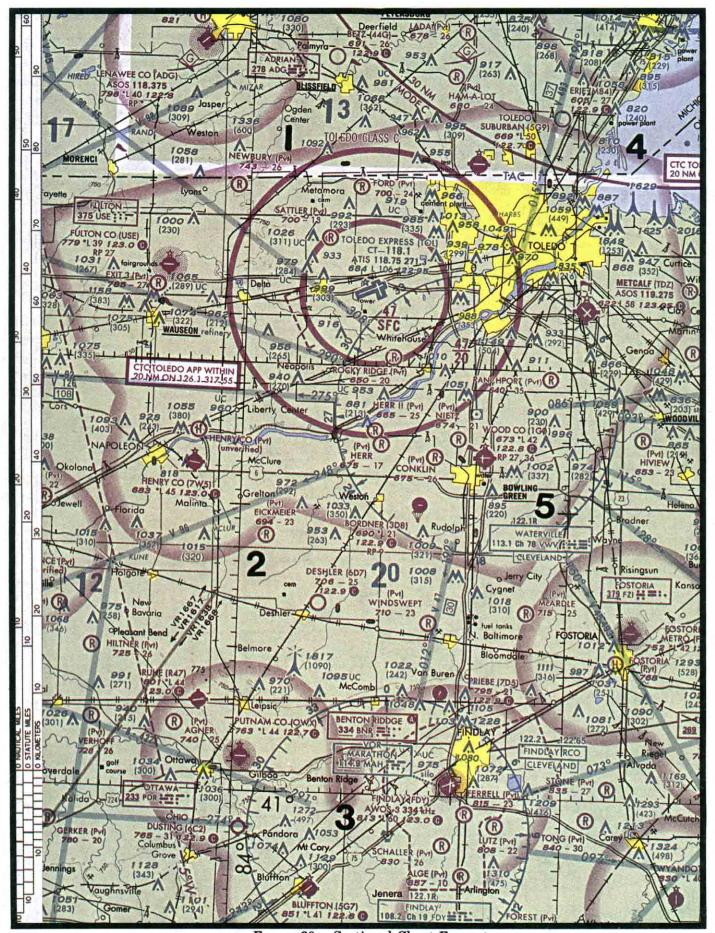


Figure 60.—Sectional Chart Excerpt.

OHIO

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TOLEDO
      METCALF FLD (TDZ) 6 SE UTC-5(-4DT) N41°33.89' W83°28.94'
                                                                                                                      DETROIT
        622 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A OX 1, 3
RWY 14-32: H5830X100 (ASPH) S-63, D-85 MIRL
                                                                                                                   H-3H, L-23C
                                      RWY 32: VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0" TCH 43".
          RWY 14: REIL. Tower.
         RWY 84-22: H3664X150 (ASPH) S-63, D-85 MIRL
          RWY 64: REIL. VASI(V4L)—GA 3.0° TCH 45'. Trees.
RWY 22: REIL. VASI(V4R)—GA 3.0° TCH 39'. Thid displicd 90'. Tree.
         RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION
          RWY 14: TORA 4600 TODA 4600 ASDA 5242 LDA 4680
RWY 32: TORA 5268 TODA 5268 ASDA 5268 LDA 4680
         AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended Mon-Fri all hrs; Sat-Sun 1200-0100Z1.
          Parallel twy Rwy 04-22 and Rwy 14-32 25' wide. Seagulls on and
           invof arpt. Ldg fee. ACTIVATE REILs Rwy 04 and Rwy 22-CTAF.
           Rwy 32 VASI OTS Indef. REIL Rwy 14 OTS Indef.
         WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS 119.275 (419) 838-5034.
               HICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 123.05
          CLEVELAND FSS (CLE) TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF. NOTAM FILE TDZ.
       R TOLEBO APP/DEP CON 134.35 CLNC DEL 125.6 OTS Indef.
         RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE CLE.
          WATERVILLE (L) YOR/DME 113.1 VWV Chan 78 N41*27.09' W83*38.32' 048* 9.8 NM to fld. 660/2W.
     TOLEDO EXPRESS (TOL) 10 W UTC-5(-4DT) N41°35.21' W83°48.47'
                                                                                                                      DETROIT
         684 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A OX 3 LRA ARFF Index B
                                                                                                                   H-3H, L-23C
         NWY 07-25: H10600X150 (ASPH-GRVD) S-100, D-174,DT-300, DDT-550 HIRL CL
          RWY 87: ALSF2. TDZL. Tree. Arresting device.
RWY 25: MALSR, VASI(V4L)—GA 3.0° TCH 51'. Tree. Arresting device. 0.3% up.
         RWY 18-34: H5599X150 (ASPH-GRVD) S-100, D-174, DT-300 MIRL
          RWY 16: REIL. Trees.
                                     RWY 34: REIL. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0" TCH 35'. Trees
         AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended continuously. Fuel and svc avbl 1300-0500Z‡. Birds and deer on and invof arpt.
          Customs: Set-Sun req must be made prior to 2200Z‡ on Fri, phone 419-259-6424. Twy C restricted to B-727 acft or smaller. Rwy 34 REIL OTS indef. NOTE: See Land and Hold Short Operations Section.
         WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS (419) 865-8351.
              MICATIONS: ATIS 118.75 UNICOM 122.95
           CLEVELAND FSS (CLE) TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF. NOTAM FILE TOL.
       R APP/DEP CON 126.1 (180°-359°) 134.35 (360°-179°) 123.975
          TOWER 118.1 GND CON 121.9 CLNC DEL 121.75
         AIRSPACE: CLASS C ave continuous etc APP CON
         RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE CLE.
          WATERVILLE (L) YOR/IMIE 113.1 VWV Chen 78 N41*27.09' W83*38.32' 319* 11.1 NM to fld. 660/2W.
TOPRIR NBB (LON) 219 TO N41*33.21' W83*55.27' 074* 5.5 NM to fld. Unmonitored. NOTAM FILE TOL.
ILS 109.7. I–TOL Rwy 07. LOM TOPHR NDB.
           ILS 108.7 I-BQE Rwy 25.
           ASR
      SEAGATE HELISTOP (6T2) 00 N UTC-5(-4DT) N41*39.25' W83*31.88'
         HELIPORT REMARKS: Unattended. Ldg fee. ACTIVATE orange perimeter igts—CTAF. Helipad H1 NSTD 1-box (2 VASIS).
           For heliport accesses street phone 419-247-2172; 2 days in advance. Helipad H1 not marked with "H."
           Helipad H1 perimeter lgts.
                NICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 123.05
           CLEVELAND FSS (FDY) TF 800-WX-BRIEF. NOTAM FILE CLE.
                                                MICHIGAN
  ADRIAN
        LENAWEE CO (ADG) 3 SW UTC-5(-4DT) N41°52.17' W84°04.49'
                                                                                                                        DETROIT
          798 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A
                                                                                                                         L-23C
          RWY 05-23: H3994X75 (ASPH) S-20 MIRL
                                                                     RWY 23: PAPI(P4R)-GA 3.2° TCH 30'. Tree.
            RWY 05: REIL. VASI(V4L)—GA 3.0 TCH 40'. Road.
          RWY 11-29: 2400X270 (TURF)
                                  RWY 29: Trees.
           AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended 1300Z‡-dusk. Arpt unattended major holidays except by prior arrangement; call arpt
             manager 517-263-0045, Rwy 11-29 CLOSED Dec-Apr and when snow covered. Snow removal Rwy 05-23 only.
             Extensive glider ops weekends. Rgt tfc Rwy 05 for glider ops. Perimeters twy marked with reflectors. Taxi on
            hard surfaces only during spring thaw and wet conditions. Rwy 11-29 marked with 3' yellow cones. MIRL Rwy
            05-23 preset low inst; to increase ints and ACTIVATE REIL Rwy 05; VASI Rwy 05 and PAPI Rwy 23-CTAF.
           WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS 118.375 (517) 265-9089.
           COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 122.8
             LANSING FSS (LAN) TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF, NOTAM FILE ADG.
         R TOLEDO APP/DEP CON 126.1
           RADIO AIDS TO HAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE JXN.
             JACKSON (L) VORW/DME 109.6 JXN Chan 33 N42°15.55' W84°27.52' 149° 29 NM to fld. 1000/5W.
```

ADRIAN NDB (MNW) 278 ADG N41°52.20' W84°04.66' at fld. NOTAM FILE ADG. Unmonitored.

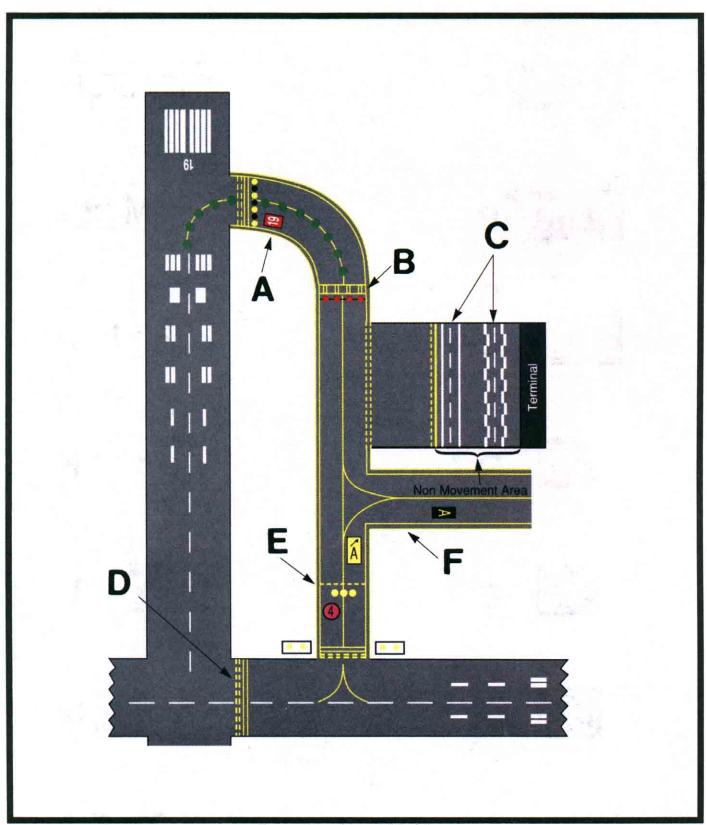


FIGURE 65.—Airport Markings.

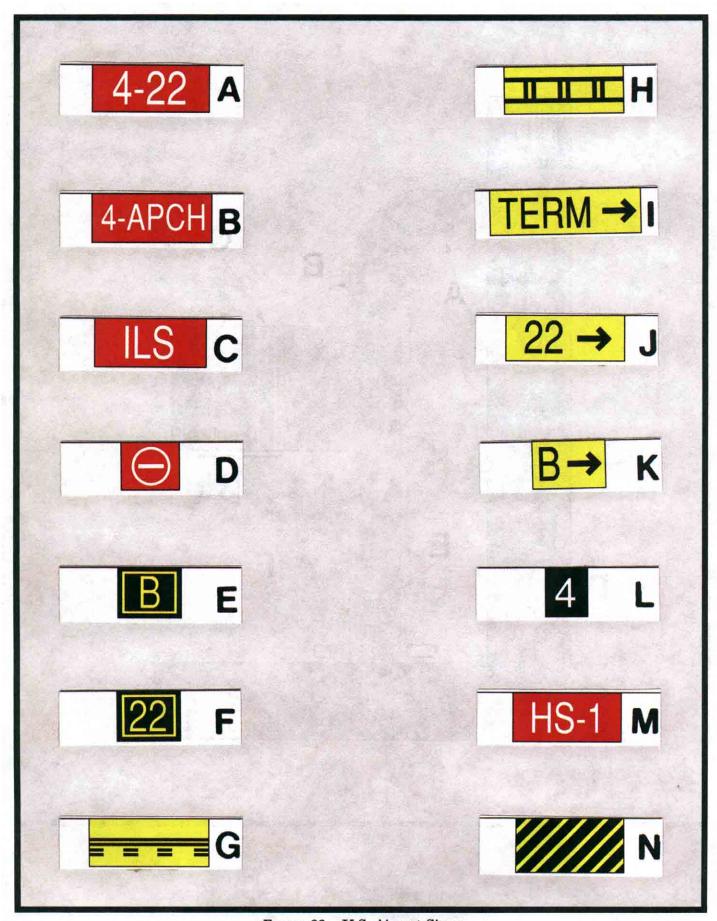


FIGURE 66.—U.S. Airport Signs.